COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

GAMING CONTROL BOARD

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IN RE: BUSHKILL GROUP - FERNWOOD RESORT & CASINO

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PUBLIC INPUT HEARING

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BEFORE: GREGORY C. FAJT, Chairman

James B. Ginty, Raymond S. Angeli,

Kenneth T. McCabe, Jeffrey W. Coy,

Gary A. Sojka, Kenneth I. Trujillo

HEARING: Tuesday, November 16, 2010

4:31 p.m.

LOCATION: Pennsylvania State Museum

300 North Street

Harrisburg, PA 17120

WITNESSES: Andrew Worthington, Thomas Meyerer, Steve Snyder, Gina Bertucci, David West, Jamie Keener, Jennifer Ann Wise, Esquire, Kevin Lavelle, Mark Turner, Scott Kramer, Bob DeSalvio, Frederick Kraus, Mark Stewart, Mike Bean, Mike Izzo, Albert Federico, Susan Hensel, Richard O'Neil

Reporter: Sarah Wendorf

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PROCEEDINGS

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CHAIRMAN:

Good morning, everyone. Once again, I'd just like to ask everybody to please turn off their cell phones, PDAs and other electronic devices. The purpose of these proceedings today is to provide the Bushkill Group with a final hearing to introduce testimony and evidence to prove to the Board's satisfaction that they are eligible and suitable for licensure, as well as to convince the Board that the Applicant should be selected for the available Category 3 License.

In addition, this hearing will provide the opportunity for the Applicant to answer any questions that the Board may have relating to its application. Also in this proceeding we have two other slot machine licensees who have filed Notices of Intent to Contest the Bushkill Application, namely Sands Bethworks and Downs Racing. At the conclusion of Bushkill's presentation, each of these licensees will have 15 minutes each to address their concerns to the Board. Thereafter, Bushkill will have 15 minutes to rebut Sands and Downs.

The public has previously had

opportunities to be heard with respect to the Bushkill 1 Application during public input hearings and through 3 written comments and correspondence. All the public testimony and comments will be taken into consideration by the Board when deliberating on each applicant.

Suitability and eligibility factors that the Board will take into consideration when reviewing these applications, as with all applications, are defined in the Act. Upon conclusion of the four hearings we're holding today and tomorrow, the Board 12 will take the matter of awarding a Category 3 License under advisement. As required by the Act, a decision of the Board will not be forthcoming on these applications until such time as the Board has the opportunity to deliberate and determine eligibility and suitability for the award of a license consistent with the public interest.

I would ask our Deputy Chief Counsel, Steve Cook, to address the review of this application by our staff. Steve?

ATTORNEY COOK:

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Thank you, Mr. Chairman. The application of the Bushkill Group, Inc. was filed with the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board on June 28th, 2007.

As with all applications, subsequent to receipt, the Applicant underwent lengthy and thorough review.

Additionally, a public input hearing was held in Monroe County, Pennsylvania, on September 2nd, 2010, during which time Bushkill made a presentation concerning its projects, including oral testimony, as well as the submission of documentary evidence.

During the course of that hearing, speakers other than the Applicant presented either their support for or opposition to the proposed project. This hearing was recorded and transcribed. Additionally, the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board placed materials submitted by Bushkill on its website to allow greater public access to the information concerning the proposal, the projections, the studies and other materials presented to the Board. These documents included local impact reports.

The dissemination of this information permitted the Board's receipt of written submissions both in support of and in opposition to the project.

As of the deadline for the submission of written comments, the Board received 1,303 submissions from members of the general public. In addition, the Bureau of Licensing, the Bureau of Investigations and Enforcement (BIE) and the Financial Investigations

1 Unit within the BIE has undertaken a review of the Applicant consistent with the mandates of the Act. 3 The result of this licensing and investigative phase of the application process is the creation of a suitability report which summarizes the findings of the Bureau as to the Applicant's compliance with the Act's licensing eligibility and suitability requirements.

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Further, in its application, Bushkill also submitted a traffic study for the Board's consideration of the effect on local traffic if 12 Bushkill would be granted a Category 3 License. The Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board retained the firm of McCormick Taylor to review the study and issue a report. Albert Federico, senior traffic engineer with McCormick Taylor, is present here today and will be making a presentation after the Applicant's presentation.

I'd like to now discuss stipulations and exhibits for the record. Bushkill and the Office of Chief Counsel (OCC) have entered into a stipulation regarding the admission of certain documents into the record in these proceedings, specifically the application-related documents, the suitability report provided to the Board, the public input hearing

transcript and exhibits, public input written

comments, the local impact report, traffic studies and

correspondence related thereto, and all filings made

at the Office of Hearings and Appeals (OHA) with

respect to this Applicant. Each of these items which

are identified and offered as Exhibits One through

Nine are to be admitted into the record as stipulated

--- as a stipulated evidentiary record in support to

help further the Board's consideration of this matter.

(Exhibits One through Nine marked for identification.)

ATTORNEY COOK:

Of particular note relative to the stipulated evidence is the testimonial stipulation going to the procedure employed by the Bureau of Licensing, the BIE and Financial Investigation Unit in reviewing this application. This stipulation is marked as Exhibit Eight.

In addition, the transcript of today's proceedings, as well as any other evidence submitted today, will also be made part of the public record --- or part of the record for the Board's consideration, as will any post-hearing memorandum submitted by the Applicant. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. I'd like to now call on the representatives of the Bushkill Group. I see that you are present. If there are any non-lawyers among your folks today that will be offering testimony, could they please stand and be sworn in?

WITNESSES SWORN EN MASSE

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CHAIRMAN:

Just again, in the way of housekeeping, for every speaker, before you begin your presentation, if you could clearly state your name and then spell it for the stenographer, that would be great. With that, we'll begin, Counselor.

ATTORNEY JONES:

Good evening, Chairman Fajt, members of the Board. Marie Jones from Fox Rothschild here on behalf of the Bushkill Group. I would like to first take the opportunity to thank the Board staff for their professionalism, hard work and dedication in getting us to this point today.

With me today from the Bushkill Group is
Andrew Worthington, CEO and president and shareholder;
Gina Bertucci, Vice-President of Marketing and a
shareholder; and Holly Freeman, Director of Special

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Projects. Also in attendance from Bushkill there are other shareholders and officers who will not be presenting but will be available for questions, that is Mark Turner, Chief Operation Officer; Kevin Lavelle, Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer; Thomas Casale, Vice-President and General Counsel; Josh Herschlag, Vice-President of Timeshare Marketing.
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And then from our management company, 8 Penn National Gaming, we have Steve Snyder, Senior 10 Vice-President of Corporate Development; Carl Sottosanti, Vice-President and Deputy General Counsel; 11 Thomas Auriemma, Vice-President and Chief Compliance 12 Officer; Walter Bogumil, Vice-President of Financial 13 14 Analysis; Karen Bailey, Director of Public Affairs; 15 Sue Rays (phonetic), Vice-President of Human Resources. In addition, we have Solicitor Jennifer 16 17 Ann Wise from Middle Smithfield Township; Thomas Meyerer, Investment Officer from Capital Source Bank; 18 19 David West from West Consulting Services; and Jamie 20 Christopher --- or Jamie Keener and Christopher Bauer 21 from Herbert, Rowland & Grubic. And I've already 22 given the court reporter all the names and spellings. 23

We're pleased to be before the Board for
the continuation of the application for a Category 3
License that Bushkill applied for in June 2007. It

1 has been a long and winding road to get to this point. But Bushkill has stayed with the application process, as we believe this is the type of resort for which the legislature created the Category 3 License.

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Since our initial application, things have changed that have enhanced the project. The addition of table games will bring additional revenue to the project. We are also very pleased to have Penn National Gaming with us who will be providing the financing for the project and will bring their vast gaming experience to the table.

Bushkill will establish today that it not only meets all the eligibility and suitability requirements of the Act, but it is the best applicant and would bring the most revenue to the Commonwealth. This is also Bushkill's last opportunity to apply for a Category 3 License, as the license that can be issued in 2017 has an increased mileage requirement up to 30 miles that would make them ineligible. I would now like to introduce Mr. Worthington to begin our formal presentation.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Thank you, Marie, Chairman Fajt, members of the Board. I appreciate you giving us this opportunity to present before you today. My name is

Andy Worthington and I am president and CEO of the Bushkill Group.

3 I would like to briefly show you what supports our premise that we are the best choice for this Category 3 License. We will deliver the highest gross gaming revenue of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. And as you can see, it's by a significant margin. We will provide the most gross gaming tax to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and are 10 ready to start construction immediately after licensure, thereby delivering much needed tax revenues 11 12 to our Commonwealth quickly. And we can provide this revenue to the Commonwealth because of our location. 13 14 Just minutes from the New Jersey state line and the 15 massive New York DMA. Within a hundred-mile radius of our property there are over 28 million people. 16 17 currently at our resort over 84 percent of our guests 18 come from outside of Pennsylvania.

Many of you have seen our previous video and earlier presentations. We're not going to show it to you again. And for this hearing we've prepared a new short video which describes our resort.

23 VIDEO PLAYED

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MR. WORTHINGTON:

As you can see from this next slide,

1 Fernwood meets all the eligibility requirements. To
2 highlight a couple of points, and given our time we
3 will not highlight all of them, we do have a minimum
4 of 275 rooms under common ownership. In fact, at the
5 resort we have 906 rooms. We're not located within 15
6 miles of another licensed facility. And we have
7 substantial year-round amenities, as you saw from the
8 slide. Bushkill Group is a wholly-owned subsidiary of
9 Resorts Group, Inc. and is the parent company of
10 Fernwood Hotel & Resort and the Villas at Tree Tops.

We also meet all the suitability requirements. You'll hear from Penn National of our demonstrated ability to generate and sustain revenue growth for the Commonwealth. We have demonstrated in previous presentations our commitment to this process and demonstrated our good character, honesty and integrity, along with our years of experience in resort operations. The design of our facility meets the statutory, regulatory and technical standards defined in the legislation, and we will open quickly.

This is a map of our 440-acre resort, which shows our existing amenities, with a highlight of our already approved expansion for villa construction of 292 more rooms. As you saw in the video, we have substantial year-round amenities all

within walking distance to our accommodations and the 1 proposed casino. This is an artist rendering of the 3 proposed entry and porte-cochere of the casino, which is located adjacent to our front desk. The casino facility is attached to the hotel rooms and is located adjacent to our restaurants and our meeting room building. This is a layout of the proposed gaming floor. The building will house a poker room, restaurant and all the other legislative gaming floor 10 requirements. We've highlighted the parts where footage to accommodate our proposed opening of 500 11 12 slot machines and table games. As the law requires, 13 we will restrict access to the gaming floor. 14 Satisfaction of that requirement will be discussed in 15 detail later by Penn National.

I would now like to introduce Thomas

Meyerer. He's our lead lender for Resort Operations

and is an investment officer for Capital Source Bank.

MR. MEYERER:

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Hello, members of the Board. My name is Thomas Meyerer, and that's spelled M-E-Y-E-R-E-R. I'm here today representing Capital Source Finance, who's the primary senior lender to the Bushkill Group. Capital Source is a commercial finance company which is publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange

under the ticker symbol CSE. Our core business is to provide senior debt to middle market companies across a variety of industries. We've been actively lending in the timeshare industry since our inception in 2000 and remain committed into the space.

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Capital Source went public in 2003 and has continued to grow its diverse national lending platform. In 2008 Capital Source acquired certain assets of Freemont Investment Loan and formed Capital Source Bank with five billion dollars in retail deposits and 22 retail branch locations. This formation of an FDI insured depository combined with our commercial lending platform provides a stable and powerful combination in today's market.

15 Capital Source Bank provided a senior loan facility to the Bushkill Group in May 2010. 16 17 Their loan is current, performing and compliant with 18 all terms and conditions of the agreement. Additionally, the Bushkill Group has the capacity 19 20 under the facility to draw additional funds as needed. 21 I would like to point out that the management team at 22 the Bushkill Group has been great to work with and 23 operates with a high level of integrity. All the 24 principals appear to have strong ties to the community 25 and are committed to the success of the project.

In October, Capital Source issued a letter to the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board indicating our continued support of the Bushkill Group in their application for the Category 3 Gaming License. In the letter we outlined how we believe a casino will complement Fernwood Resort's existing resort amenities and would enhance the appeal of the resort for future guests.

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In conclusion, Capital Source supports the Bushkill Group's application for a Category 3 Gaming License. We have in place committed financing for the timeshare operations of the resort and we'll act in good faith into the future to assist the Bushkill Group to achieve its goals. Thank you.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Thank you, Tom. These next slides are designed to give you a better picture of the owners and managers of Bushkill Group. In addition to our long years of experience in the resort industry, and all of us have been in it for more years than we want to admit, I'd like to point out as a slide show our commitment to Fernwood Hotel & Resort. We've all been at Fernwood for a long time as well. We worked at Fernwood when it was owned by the Rank Group, and in 2006 we successfully completed a management buyout of

the business. This is our business. We're not 2 investors in search of a gaming project. We're resort owners and operators looking to add a great amenity to 3 improve our resort for our quests, our employees and for our region. Because of our commitment to our resort and our region, we will be a great partner for the Commonwealth.

In conclusion, let me review the --- I'm I'm not concluded. sorry.

ATTORNEY JONES:

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11 Thank you, Andy. Earlier today you heard 12 from Penn National Gaming and then you heard from a 13 number of people. We have asked Mr. Snyder to present on behalf of Penn. I do want to present a little bit 14 15 of his background. He's senior vice-president of corporate development of Penn National, and he's been 16 17 with them since 1998 and has nearly 20 years of 18 experience. He's responsible for identifying and conducting internal and industry analysis of potential 20 acquisitions, partnerships and other opportunities. He's also responsible for developing and maintaining 21 22 bank and financial community relationships. Snyder received his Bachelor's degree from Dickinson 23 24 College and a Master's of Science in Industrial 25 Administration from Carnegie Mellon University.

would like to move Mr. Snyder in as an expert witness with respect to the economic impact of the Bushkill facility and the management and operation of same.

CHAIRMAN FAJT:

So noted.

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MR. SNYDER:

Thank you, Marie. Thank you, Mr. Chairman and members of the Board, as well as the public and staff who are in attendance. I want to just briefly highlight for the record, since you've heard it before, but I will introduce it for the record in this matter, a little bit of background information on Penn National Gaming, who of course is well-known by this board as the Licensee with the closest, the most proximate facility to Harrisburg, here at the Hollywood Casino and Penn National Racecourse. We have, over the course of the last several years, grown to become the third largest publicly-traded gaming company in the United States, as measured by the United States originated gaming revenue.

We now currently, as we sit today, with 23 our most recent opening on September 27th of our Hollywood Casino in Perryville, we operate in 16 states and the Province of Ontario --- 15 states and

the Province of Ontario 23 facilities. In addition to those 16 jurisdictions, we have the State of Texas and the State of Nevada, who are pending, as well as the State of Kansas and the State of Ohio in which we are currently developing a number of significant projects in those two states. So we, over the recent years, have grown to become really the largest footprint of any gaming company in the United States bar one. I would concede to the Harrah's folks that they probably have a larger footprint, but much more concentration in Atlantic City and Las Vegas, which we do not have.

We are in these communities. We are in places like Bangor, Maine. We are in places like Hobbs, New Mexico. We are in places like Grantville, Pennsylvania. And we have struck upon a partnership with Andy and his team over a year ago to explore an opportunity to work on a project in Monroe County, Pennsylvania. You can see from the slide some of the examples of the growth that we've exhibited as being evidenced by Forbes Magazine as one of the fastest-growing --- Fortune Magazine, as being one of the fastest-growing companies for really six out of seven years, back through the late 2000s.

Moving on to the management team of the company again, a group that you are familiar with.

Our company was really built and founded by a family, and that family is evidenced by Mr. Carlino, starting 3 with his father, who was involved in the original construction of Penn National Racecourse back in the early 1970s, was a leader in additional enhancements to the racing industry and formed a simulcast wagering legislation, which allowed for simulcast facilities in the mid 1980s, which gave Penn National a platform for some of the growth. The greatest platform for our 10 growth, however, came when we did step into the slots machine and casino gaming industry with our investment 11 in the Charles Town Races & Slots, which at the time 12 of our acquisition, Charles Town Races was closed, 13 14 boarded up and was not operational.

Since the IPO of the company in 1994, we've been one of the fastest-growing companies, led most recently by the management team that you see there in the gaming industry. Mr. Carlino, Peter, has been with us since the IPO of the company in 1994. Tim Wilmot joined us after in excess of 20 years of experience at Harrah's, rising to the level of Chief Operating Officer at Harrah's, and is now our president of the operations of Penn National Gaming, and the rest of the management team which you see on that slide in front of you.

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We've included additional biographical information on members of our team who are in attendance here today, who will be available to answer any and all questions that the Board may have on any subject matter. You'll see representatives there from Compliance, representatives from legal counsel, representatives from public affairs, as well as our human resources staff, so that we will be in a position to answer any question that the Board or staff may have as you consider this presentation.

Just to finalize the conversation about

Penn National, you'll see that map. And that map is something that we, as a company, are very proud of, stretching from Maine in the northeast to New Mexico in the southwest, and soon to be Nevada through the acquisition of a mortgage on a property on the southern end of Las Vegas Boulevard, which hopefully will close sometime in early 2011 through the regulatory process before the Nevada Gaming Commission.

More importantly, for today's purposes, I do want to start to drill down specifically on the Bushkill Application, the Fernwood project. We were introduced to Mr. Worthington and his ownership team and his management team, as I said, over a year ago.

This Board will recall it was an application which was pending at that time, in addition to another application which was being considered by the Board.

There were pieces at that point in time, because of the financial crises, the challenges that existed in the general economy, the macro economy here in the United States that led to their challenges in getting over the goal line for what at the time was really a qualified and the remaining qualified project short of financing.

And that, quite frankly, is how we were introduced to Mr. Worthington. We were approached through intermediaries who asked if we would have an interest in participating with this group, with these investors, these owners, these operators of the Bushkill Fernwood Resort. We spent some time trying to understand the dynamics of that marketplace. We spent a lot of time with our construction team, our development and outside architects and consultants evaluating the opportunity for this site for the existing facility in their event center. And we can sit before you today to say we've come up with Mr. Worthington and his team with a plan which we feel, as he suggested, will maximize the revenue for the Commonwealth. We'll do it in a fashion that is as

speedy as anyone else. And we will provide, as you 1 see here, all of the necessary resources, the 3 resources that did not exist historically to this project to get it completed. Those resources include the turnkey development of this project from start to finish as a gaming operator with a track record of developing these types of facilities in similar markets around the country. We will provide 100 percent of the financing necessary for the 10 development, renovation and opening of the casino facility at the Fernwood Resort, and we will manage 11 all of the casino operations at Fernwood if this 12 Applicant is chosen to be the grantee of this Category 13 3 License. 14

I know in considering the Category 3

Licenses this is unique. Obviously, one has been awarded. It's not open yet. The Category 1s, save for one, are all open and operating. The Category 2s, save for one, are all open and operating. The Category 3s are still a work in progress in their entirety. None are open. So the question becomes how do we, working with the resort owners, develop a process by which the intention of the Category 3

Licenses is honored and is adhered to?

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What you see before you is the game plan

that we have spoken with the Fernwood folks about in terms of maintaining the restriction for a guest or a 3 customer of the resort as a requirement to access the gaming floor. The thought process here, in consistent fashion with the implementation of the rules set by this Board for a ten-dollar de minimis requirement or a ten-dollar usage charge --- or ten-dollar expenditure, excuse me, by a patron before they are able to go into the casino will be implemented at this resort by integrating our player information into the 10 point-of-sale system that is currently utilized at the 11 resort. So that a transaction through that point-of-12 13 sale system, whether it be a hotel quest, through 14 their lodging management system, a beverage purchase 15 at one of the beverage outlets, a food purchase, a gift purchase in one of the gift shops, a golf round 16 at the golf course, will all be identified and 17 18 codified through their existing point-of-sale system, 19 their micro system.

A recipient or a customer who does make such adequate purchase will then be given a voucher, and that voucher will have to be submitted to the security guard at the entrance to this facility to further evidence the fact that they are in compliance with the entry requirements to enter into this

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Category 3 facility. That will allow for greater regulation of the age requirements, greater regulation and greater enforcement of any self-exclusion or other known problem gamers from being able to access this facility and also allows us to monitor that no casino employees are able to enter the facility.

You can see here as we drill into the floor plan, and we'll get into some of the design features a little bit later on, the only entrance for the public to this facility will be at the northern end of the facility. As you drill down, that entrance will require the passage by a security checkpoint.

And at that security checkpoint both the age requirement, as well as the patron-of-the-resort requirement will be identified and verified before a customer will be able --- will be allowed to even set foot on the gaming floor.

Moving on, I've touched upon most of these points with the point-of-sale system being integrated into the casino access, the guests getting an identification and an access pass. And as importantly, once on the floor, as we do in all of our facilities for those patrons that do elect to have their play monitored for purposes of the Rewards and Infinity programs, we would be monitoring their play

once they are on the casino floor.

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I'm going to touch on just a couple of other areas of corporate responsibility that we, as a company, bring to our operations and certainly would bring to the operation of the casino at Fernwood Resort. Our Compliance Department is headed by Tom Auriemma. Tom was the Director of the Division of Gaming Enforcement, has 30 years of experience as a regulator in the gaming industry. And needless to say, as a result of that, I'd like to think that our compliance function at Penn National is as rigid, if not more rigid, than anyone in the industry because of Tom's background. And us having Tom as a party --- as an employee, as a member of our team, as a member of our staff, is quite an honor for us.

We do take compliance seriously, very seriously. We have a Compliance Committee in place at the corporate level, and we have identified a compliance officer at each of our properties and would do so as well at Fernwood. We would expect the same corporate infrastructure that is utilized to oversee the management and operations of the Hollywood Casino at Penn National to be replicated and to be integrated into that corporate structure here at the Fernwood facility.

Finally, there is a 24-hour hotline that 1 2 is available so that our employees do feel free and 3 have access to report anything that they've identified that could lead to any problems. As to responsible gaming, we have a very strong commitment to responsible gaming. We do have a member of our compliance staff who is exclusively responsible for overseeing our responsible gaming programs, our employee training with respect to responsible gaming, 10 identifying issues before they are arise and implementing the code of conduct for the appropriate 11 level of responsible gaming as a casino industry 12 13 participant. I believe you are aware of that as a 14 regulator of us. I know that you have followed 15 intimately our compliance history and followed intimately our adherence to the code of conduct for 16 17 responsible gaming.

One of the other areas that we take great pride in as a company is our workforce, is the diversity of our workforce, the training which we provide our workforce, the ability to provide for career enhancement and career opportunities of participants in our workforce be they at existing properties or growing and maturing at the existing property or lateral movements across properties. We

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facilitate all of those moves where there are 1 2 opportunities that present themselves. You will see 3 from this slide that our workforce is more diverse in many of our markets among our 15,000 employees and many of the markets in which we operate with 52 percent of those over 15,000 employees being female and 28 percent of them being minority based on 2009 reporting statistics. We do constantly strive for adherence to goals that are established inside the 10 company as well as by third-party regulators in applying the equal opportunity standards for both 11 12 construction procurement as well as employment 13 opportunities within our workforce.

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You can see on the next slide with the procurement side and the women-owned business and the minority-owned business enterprises, the slide --- the bullet point on this slide that I like the most, that I think is most telling about our company, we, in Grantville, Pennsylvania, were ranked third by this Board and by your staff in terms of the construction spending that was applied to or was spent on MBE and women-owned business enterprises. That's in Grantville, Pennsylvania. That's second only to --- not Three Rivers, that was the stadium, but to The Rivers in Pittsburgh and Parx in Philadelphia. So

that in spite of our geographic location, we've been able to exceed and really achieve some pretty substantial results on the MBE and WBE side both in the construction procurement, and as you can see in the last bullet point, on the operations side by looking for vendors who do qualify under the same EOC guidelines as MBE and WBEs with over \$15 million spent since 2008 here in central Pennsylvania with those types of vendors.

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Let's move on. I'm sorry. There was one other thing that is important for us as a company. And this was really brought home for us as a company in 2005. We, unfortunately, in 2005, looking at the Penn National Gaming Foundation, were back then the property owner of two casino facilities on the Mississippi Gulf Coast, one in Biloxi and one in Bay St. Louis, Mississippi. Those of you who are familiar with it know that the eye of the Katrina storm came ashore just east of Bay St. Louis, Mississippi. As a result of that, many of our workers were displaced. We chose to employ those workers, to continue to pay them for 90 days after their displacement, even though those facilities could not operate. We moved quickly to get those facilities open as quickly as possible. In one case it took a year. In the other case it was

a bit shorter.

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But one of the lessons that we, as a company, learned is the importance of the communities in which we do business. From that experience in 2005 we established what we see on the slide before you, the Penn National Gaming Foundation. And it has grown over the years and in 2009 alone has invested over \$3 million in the communities in which we do business through charitable giving, again, an entity that started in response to a crisis that has grown now and become really a part of our corporate culture by encouraging our workers to contribute both their time and their dollars in the communities in which we operate.

That's kind of enough about Penn

National, and I'm sorry for taking as much time as we did. I think it's now important to really focus in on the project at hand and what an award of the Category

3 License to Fernwood would mean. The slide that you see before you is just a little bit of our experience.

When Mr. Worthington and his team came to us over a year ago, we did our own work. We didn't rely on any consultant's work. We certainly didn't look at any consultant's work that was done back in 2003, before table games were authorized, before Maryland and some

of the other adjoining states came online. We did our own work to look at what we felt was the potential for stabilized gaming revenue out of the Fernwood facility. What you see on the board there is our projection of that first-year stabilized revenue of \$107 million. The methodology which we utilized to arrive at that revenue number is similar, not identical but very similar to what we utilized back in 2006 and presented to this Board in your consideration of our Category 1 License Application at the Penn National Racecourse facility in Grantville.

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The difference, the principal disparity is the fact that Grantville didn't have and does not yet have any hotel rooms. This facility has 906 keys that can be used to drive visitation to the facility and, therefore, gaming revenue. So that \$107 million number of gaming revenue, we think we can very easily achieve at least 30 percent of that through better maximization, and I think Andy will get into the current occupancy of the facility, of those 906 rooms, those 906 keys, and deeper market penetration into northern New Jersey and into New York. Those are markets, specifically New York, which even the Lottery Director --- the State of New York Lottery has identified as very underserved in terms of gaming

capacity given the base of adults and the household income of those adults in that northern New Jersey/southern tier of New York --- New York metropolitan area.

The one last item on this slide that I do want to just highlight for the Board, I think there was one licensee who suggested that bidding by exaggeration --- excuse me, bidding by projection, bidding by exaggeration, is something that this Board should frown on. I agree. I think this Board should frown significantly on bidding by projections or bidding by exaggerated projections. I think the differentiator between the projections that we have made for Fernwood and the projections that that existing licensee has suggested for Fernwood are indicated by the disparity in the hotel rooms that exist at Fernwood and the number of hotel units that have existed historically at that property of that licensee.

With 906 keys at the Fernwood Resort, we feel very strongly that the ability to achieve these revenue numbers is very reasonable and very likely to be met, if not exceeded, in a reasonably short timeframe of three to five years. And that's why we are comfortable investing \$55 million of our capital

as a lender, as well as the operator, for this facility.

Again, just to highlight, from our experience, you will recognize that our projections and the performance of our facility at the year end of June 30, 2009 was pretty much spot on within I think what even Mr. Maddona (phonetic) would say is within the margin of error. I'm not sure that others in the State can make that same claim, but we are quite comfortable in making it, given the performance that we have seen from our facility.

Moving on again, in terms of this facility and why we feel so confident in our ability to achieve these projections, again, it's driven by hotel rooms. And other participants in the market know that. Other participants in the market reflect that, not necessarily in the facilities in which they operate in the Commonwealth, but certainly in the facilities in which they operate in proximate or neighboring jurisdictions like Connecticut or like Atlantic City.

You can see here another licensee who has raised an issue with respect to market penetration.

And I understand the concern with market penetration, if you look at an eastern Pennsylvania marketplace.

1 We, quite frankly, don't understand the concern with market penetration when we look at northern New Jersey 3 and New York area metropolitan marketplace and have the ability to utilize 906 hotel rooms, which the other applicants --- or excuse me, the other current license holders in eastern Pennsylvania have chosen, either by design or by circumstance, not to take advantage of. That was one of the distinguishing features that attracted us to participation in this project, the 906 keys that Fernwood has between their 10 hotel and their timeshare units. 11

Additionally, there really isn't any other facility on the east coast attached to gaming with a timeshare component to it. There are timeshares units in Atlantic City not attached to gaming. This makes this project unique. And we've looked at the demographics of timeshare investors, timeshare purchasers, and they fit almost to a bulls eye with the demographics of gaming customers. again, another reason why we see this as being an attractive opportunity.

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One last item, and I jumped ahead a 23 little bit, and I apologize, I think, here again, this Board can see not by projections, not by exaggeration but by fact. And the facts here in terms of how

existing licensees have chosen to address the New York 1 2 metropolitan market to drive gaming spend in their 3 facilities are best evidenced by this media monitor slide, which shows 3,300, nearly 3,400 media sources that were identified in the New York metropolitan market for casino gaming by one of the existing Category 1 licensees in Pennsylvania. Unfortunately, every one of those 3,377 media points were directed at their facility, which houses a hotel in eastern 10 Connecticut. I think people recognize --- I think the industry recognizes that New York and northern New 11 12 Jersey are underpenetrated gaming markets, and that's 13 why there are people that are advertising in those 14 markets for their hotels in conjunction with their 15 casino properties and why we are so optimistic around the revenue projections that you are considering for 16 17 this project.

One last data point for your consideration --- two last data points. I apologize. Here is a slide that shows that differentiation I think pretty much in a nutshell, with 906 keys at the Bushkill facility at Fernwood. The next closest Applicant, of course, is Nemacolin, with 336 keys, slightly more than a third of what is available at the Fernwood facility. And I think most telling is

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1 foreign access of any of the existing licensees. Certainly there is a hotel that will be coming online next May, I believe, I'm told, in Bethlehem. 3 others are recognizing the value of hotel rooms for driving gaming revenue. I think it's also important for us as an operator in a number of other jurisdictions to share with you fact, to share with

you what we've produced at some of our other

facilities.

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In Bangor, Maine, of all places, and maybe some of you have had the fortune or misfortune of visiting Bangor, we have a 154-key hotel room there. That hotel generates \$153 of gaming revenue per night from each guest who stays in that hotel. That kind of statistic in Bangor, Maine, with a total adult population within a 30-minute drive time of 140,000 adults --- yes, only 140,000 adults within a 30-minute drive time generating \$153 in gaming revenue per room night is an example of why we are so confident the revenue projections that we've presented to you are highly achievable.

The other extreme, of course, are some of 23 the other facilities that we operate in places like Charles Town, West Virginia, where our hotel room --our hotel, 152 keys, produces about \$230 of win gaming

revenue per room night --- per room.

Looking at one last --- well, let me look
at the overall numbers that we are projecting here.

You can see our patron numbers are relatively modest,
looking at a stabilized patron level of 1.3 million
adults patronizing the facility, generating that \$107
million in stabilized year revenue, which produces the
tax revenue that Andy mentioned in his first slide.
And we do think we can ramp to that level within five
years of opening of operations.

Again, why we feel comfortable getting there? You see those revenue numbers. I want to jump to the next slide. The principal reason we feel very comfortable in achieving these revenue numbers, in addition to the hotel rooms and 906 keys, are really the under penetration of gaming in this market, the New York DMA, the market which we will focus as the operator of the casino at Fernwood if they are selected for the Category 3 License, to market most of the patronage for this facility.

You can see those statistics ranging from 12.3 slot machines per 10,000 adults within a 100-mile radius of Fernwood to the extreme of 46.8 slot machines per 10,000 adults within a 100-mile radius of the Nemacolin Woodlands site. That under penetration,

that lack of available gaming capacity is what, in addition to the hotel rooms, leads us to the conclusion that the revenue numbers that you see on the next page for the Bushkill Group are ones that we, as a company, feel comfortable investing in and we, with our operational reputation on the line, expect to be able to achieve.

ATTORNEY JONES:

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Thank you, Steve. Next I'd like to introduce Gina Bertucci, Vice-President of Marketing and a shareholder of Bushkill Group.

MS. BERTUCCI:

13 Thank you very much. Thank you, Marie, 14 Chairman Fajt and members of the Pennsylvania Gaming 15 Control Board. Thank you for your time and attention. I think I am going to just review some of the things. 16 17 One of the reasons that we believe that this is a winning combination is that we've been in the business 18 of marketing destination travel to the Pocono 19 20 Mountains for many, many years. You combine our 21 marketing and the abilities and strengths of Penn 22 National, which you see up on the slide, which include 23 12 million gamers in the players club database. already do e-mail, direct mail and traditional 24 25 marketing through their players Club. We have a

customer database in excess of 115,000 and 200,000 households for prospects. Our timeshare base is approximately 17,000 members. And our affiliation with RCI, which is the exchange network from which we work through our timesharing.

As Marie indicated, my name is Gina
Bertucci, and I'm a shareholder of the company and I'm
the Vice-President of Marketing. As my biography
indicates, I've been marketing the Pocono Mountains
for over 30 years and for the last 11 have been
marketing destination travel to Fernwood Hotel &
Resort. We've been in the business of delivering
Pocono Mountain vacations for over 80 years. As our
video indicates, we've grown from a roadside guest
house that opened in the '20s to one of the largest
award-winning continuously operating Pocono Mountain
resorts.

We currently spend \$5 million annually on marketing and will increase that number to \$18 million working jointly with Penn National to develop and implement winning marketing strategies. But the success of our casino amenity is not just about the increase in marketing strength. It also about capitalizing on our current marketing strengths to increase overnight occupancy and resort usage, which

was the original legislative intent of a Category 3 2 License. By virtue of its size, the de minimis requirement and proven in other gaming markets, this 3 smaller license will not compete with standalone larger gaming destination facilities. A fact that was confirmed by Robert Soper, president of Mohegan Sun and Pocono Downs, in a 2007 newspaper interview, where he said, and I quote, we believe certainly that the market can accommodate other facilities throughout 10 Pennsylvania, including the Poconos. Generally, we target different markets. Additionally, today you 11 heard both from Mr. Luvan (phonetic) and Mr. Shyer 12 13 (phonetic), they both referenced Vicksburg, and that a 14 its fine casinos in town increase business for all. 15 We have a timeshare owner customer base, as I indicated, of over 17,000 members, with an 16 17 average length of stay of 4.2 nights. Our affiliation 18 with RCI allows us to market to them through their 3.8 million timeshare owners throughout the world. 19 20 Through traditional and nontraditional marketing 21 programs, we attract visitors utilizing our 50-station

state-of-the-art in and out-bound phone room, e-mail and text massaging campaigns, Paper Click, a national search engine for marketing, mobile and PC websites, social media, print, radio and outdoor advertising. Using our electronic and telemarketing channels, we market to our 200,000 prospect and 115,000 household customer base, completing over 500,000 calls and sending over two million e-mail and text messages annually for resort vacations in the Pocono Mountains.

As you can see from this slide, because of our historical marketing efforts and easternmost Pennsylvania location, the demographic of our customer base is largely from outside the Commonwealth, which will deliver significant out-of-state play. As a comparative, Nemacolin states that their guest visitation is 350,000 of which 60 percent are from out of the state. Our current visitation, as you saw in the video, is 425,000, without a casino with 84 percent of our guests coming from outside of Pennsylvania.

It is important to recognize both where we are now and where we have available room to grow as a resort. Our on-site amenity capacity, before the addition of a casino, is 2,000 guests, with a special events capacity of approximately 6,000 more. You add daily bus service to our property, show, conference and banquet capacity of 1,500 guests, our current complement of 906 rooms that accommodate 4,500 guests, plus our future growth of 1,700 more guests staying in

new villa construction, and you have thousands of people on property who are eligible to gain. As you can see from by numbers, we are a true resort property 3 in size, scope and number of amenities, with a long history and significant expertise in four-season resort marketing. When issued the license, we will hit the ground running.

We are also fortunate to be located within one of the most recognized vacation destinations in Pennsylvania, the Pocono Mountains. David West of David West Consulting will give you the overview of the power of the brand and the efforts by the region to grow its market share.

ATTORNEY JONES:

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Thank you, Gina. I would now like to introduce Professor David West of West Consulting 16 17 Service. In addition to his consulting services, Professor West serves as the vice-president of marketing and sales for the Pocono Mountains Visitors 20 Bureau. Professor West is responsible for all aspects 21 of business development, strategic marketing and 22 advertising for the Pocono Mountains Visitors Bureau. 23 Prior to this, Professor West has held similar positions with the Bucks County Conference and 24 25 Visitors Bureau and the Manayunk Development

Corporation. He has also taught marketing and 1 2 hospitality at Temple University and Drexel University. He was named the 2001 Temple University 3 School of Tourism and Hospitality Professor of the Year. He has conducted extensive research on tourismrelated topics and has written and spoken on the subject matter extensively. He has also won numerous awards. He received his Bachelor's degree from the University of Michigan and his Master's degree in park 10 recreation and tourism from Michigan State University. I would like to move Professor West in as an expert on 11 12 the economic impact of the proposed facility.

PROFESSOR WEST:

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Thank you, Marie. As Marie indicated, I am the Vice-President of Marketing for the Pocono Mountains Visitors Bureau and have spent my career in teaching and promoting tourism in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Pocono Mountains recognized 75 years ago the importance of collective marketing and formed the Vacation Bureau to accomplish this effort. Now known as the Pocono Mountains Visitors Bureau, we are a four-county region approved by the Commonwealth that includes Monroe, Carbon, Wayne and Pike Counties. Just to be clear, regardless of its name, Pocono Downs is not part of the Pocono Mountains as is the

1 Luzerne County Tourism Promotion Agency. Likewise, the Sands is outside the Pocono Mountains and is in the Lehigh Valley Tourism Promotion Agency.

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The Pocono Mountains have become one of the most recognized four-season leisure travel destination brands with over 24-and-a-half million visits annually. To put that in perspective, as reported in Forbes.com, the Pocono Mountains attract more visitors each year than Disney World's Magic Kingdom. What makes the Pocono Mountains so strong? We have 9,242 quest rooms, over 30,000 vacation homes and over 8,000 campsites, an overnight accommodation base larger than the City of Philadelphia and significantly larger than Nemacolin and Gettysburg regions.

More importantly, the Pocono Mountains region spends far in excess of what either of those regions spend on advertising in the densely populated New York and New Jersey market area. A total of 151 hotels and resorts, 35 golf courses, hundreds of restaurants, outlet shopping and seven ski areas are all within the driving distance to Fernwood Hotel & 23 Resort. Day trippers spend \$800 million annually, with overnight visitors of 8.5 million who spend \$1.3 25 | billion. The region recognizes sustainable job

development is critical to growth. And area tourism and businesses are projected to spend \$250 million on new projects in the near term.

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The Pocono Mountains learned long ago why McDonald's built their restaurants across from Burger King. One resort's marketing might be strong, but could never be as strong as many working together. Route 80 provides direct access from New York and New Jersey and delivers over 19-and-a-half million 10 vehicles across the Delaware Water Gap Bridge each year. In addition, 5.2 million visitors travel to the 11 12 Delaware Water Gap national recreation area, which is adjacent to Fernwood. By the way, it's the ninth most 13 14 visited park in the national park system, just behind 15 the Lincoln Memorial.

What attracts them to the Poconos? Our joint annual marketing span promotes the active nature of Pocono Mountains destination, its ease of access, variety of experiences and affordability. In our 2010 cooperative marketing plan, which Fernwood was our largest participant, we spent over \$2.5 million to drive business to the Pocono Mountains. The New York DMA is the number one destination market area in the country. Located a short drive from the Pocono Mountains, it over indexes in propensity of the game

and recreate according to both Scarborough (phonetic) and Prism Research. This means that the New York DMA residents are more likely than residents of other regions to participate in gaming, golfing, winter sports, activities that drive enough than --- there's more enough than the market share.

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In addition to the strength of the New York DMA, New York City also attracts over 45 million visitors each year. These travelers are looking for 10 excursions out of the city for the very type of activities that Fernwood provides and spend over \$28 11 12 billion while visiting. These photos give you an 13 example of some of the advertising that was used in Fernwood and in the Pocono Mountains Visitors Bureau 14 15 joint marketing efforts in New York this past summer. Millions of New Yorkers and tourists saw the bus wrap 16 17 on the double-decker tourist bus that traveled 18 throughout the city. Over 25 million riders monthly 19 saw the train cars and the busy commuter lines, and 20 this billboard located near the entrance of New York 21 National Airport on one of the most traveled turnpikes 22 in the nation.

Why choose Fernwood for this License?

Because of the constraints of the number of machines and tables, a Category 3 License was not designed to

complete with a Category 1 and Category 2 License. For the resort, it is a way to increase occupancy by 3 growing in amenities that attracts guests who are casual gamers. Resorts are like stationary cruise ships without the problems of being stranded at sea. Visitors come to Pocono Mountains to ski in the winter, to golf, hike in the mountains, canoe, shop, recently leaf peep in the fall and now they can add gaming to the list of things to do when visiting the 10 resort. The Pocono Mountains have collective strength in its marketing efforts and are one of the most 11 12 recognized brands attracting millions of visitors to Pennsylvania with a love of the outdoors and an over-13 14 indexed propensity to gaming.

May I respectfully submit that the decision to select Fernwood Hotel & Resorts for the Category 3 License is an easy one. The marketing strengths of the Pocono Mountains, Fernwood's location and volume of visitation and its proximity to the largest demographic market area in the United States makes Fernwood the ideal applicant for this license. Thank you very much for your time.

ATTORNEY JONES:

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Thank you, Professor West. I'd like to ask Gina to discuss Bushkill's diversity briefly.

MS. BERTUCCI:

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Thank you, Marie. Much like Penn, we would be nothing without our dedicated and diverse employees. I would like to give you insight into our commitment to them and our multicultural diversity.

As an operating resort, we maintain a talented staff of over 500, with an ethnic mix that reflects our cultural diversity and the diversity of our metropolitan, New York and New Jersey customer base. We are committed to hiring practices that have helped us create this multicultural team and have had success using a variety of traditional and nontraditional recruiting tools. We place advertising but also work with vocational and work/study programs, internships and host regular job fairs to attract potential employees primarily from the local area. Αs the second most diverse county in the Commonwealth, this has been part of our corporate culture for many years. We are proud of the statistics that speak to these efforts and today have a workforce that is 37.8 percent minority representation, a percentage that exceeds our county average and is well above all other applicants' county averages. More than half of our workforce is female, and over 73 percent of supervisory personnel are either minority or female.

Since the start of our application 1 2 process, we have expanded our list of vendors to 3 increase suppliers from minority and women-owned businesses wherever possible. With our Diversity Committee, the quidance of Penn National and the Gaming Board staff, we will continue to explore ways to enrich understanding of diversity in our workforce. Chairman Fajt, members of the Board, thank you for your time.

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I would next like to Thank you, Gina. introduce Jamie Keener from Herbert, Rowland & Grubic. He will be discussing the environmental and traffic --- I'm sorry, engineering and environmental impacts of the facility. You have heard from Mr. Keener before. The Board has previously recognized him as an expert.

MR. KEENER:

Thank you, Marie. Mr. Chairman, Board members, I'd like to thank you for the opportunity to present our testimony on behalf of the Bushkill Group. HRG is a Harrisburg-based multi-discipline engineering firm doing business for 48 years. HRG has performed various planning, engineering and environmental 24 services at the Fernwood Resort for a number of years.

Today I would like to speak to land use, planning and general infrastructure issues.

The resort is located in a resort commercial zoning district, and in accordance with the Middle Smithfield Township, Monroe County Zoning Ordinance, the Fernwood Resort & Casino is a permitted use. The intent of the resort/commercial zoning district is to provide for a mix of commercial, resort, residential and other compatible uses to promote unified and coordinated development.

Within a resort/commercial district, the zoning ordinance provides for a resort complex overlay, which is defined as a coordinated development that includes overnight lodging, timeshare dwellings, a ski area or similar large outdoor recreation facility as a principal use, as well as other outdoor recreation and dining facilities. The Fernwood Resort was approved by Middle Smithfield Township as a resort complex October the 11th, 2005.

Since the casino facility will occupy the existing event center, land development approvals are not required. Construction of the facility will only require a building permit. It is our opinion that all other municipal approvals are in place, including a prior land development approval that covers the

addition of parking spaces to serve the proposed 1 2 gaming facility. All stormwater management to control runoff from the expanded parking facility is currently 3 approved under an existing NPDES Permit. The proposed project supports Monroe County's smart growth objectives for open space preservation in that it is being developed by expanding existing facilities within or adjacent to existing developed areas and existing infrastructure.

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No adverse impacts on existing environmental features, wetlands or endangered species 12 have been identified, and an environmental impact review report identified the potential for minimal impacts during construction of the parking lots. But those impacts will be mitigated by following the approved erosion control plans, stormwater management, BMPs and other controls as required by the existing NPDES Permit.

Regarding infrastructure, the current electrical system and phone systems have sufficient capacity to serve the existing resort and proposed casino facility. Sufficient water and sewer capacity exists to serve the existing resort and the proposed casino facility. Sewer service will be provided by the Middle Smithfield Municipal Authority at the

existing plant adjacent to Fernwood, and water service will be provided by the existing permitted Fernwood community water system. Local public transit service is in place. The Monroe County Transit Authority, of which I am a former board member, has service to the Fernwood Resort.

Finally, we anticipate that law enforcement and emergency service levels will continue to exceed service needs even with the addition of a casino facility. Fernwood currently employs its own security force, and a fire department substation is located at the resort complex. Thank you again for the opportunity to testify before this Board.

ATTORNEY JONES:

Thank you, Mr. Keener. We do have present today Christopher Bauer on traffic issues. However, we have reviewed McCormick and Taylor's report. They have responded to same. He will be available for any questions you may have. You can see up there is his bio and then his conclusions.

So our next witness --- for our next witness I would like to introduce Solicitor Jennifer Ann Wise, Township Solicitor for Middle Smithfield Township's Board of Supervisors' Planning Commission and Sewer Department. She was a judicial nomination

for the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe County by

Governor Rendell and has handled numerous civil and

criminal cases. Solicitor Wise also has served on

several outreach programs and received the Women's

Resource Community Recognition Award. We would like

to thank her for coming here today.

ATTORNEY WISE:

Thank you, Attorney Jones. Good evening, members of the Board. As introduced, my name is Attorney Jennifer Wise, W-I-S-E, and I am the solicitor for Middle Smithfield Township, the host municipality for the Fernwood Hotel & Resort. This is my third presentation since 2008 to this Board, and I am pleased to report to each of you that, once again, the elected officials in Middle Smithfield Township completely and unanimously support this application.

This project has received overwhelming support not just from our elected officials but from our community and its residents. I sit here before you to tell you that we are a community united. After the first hearing in 2008, the newspaper headlines read Fernwood Resort Praised at Casino Hearing. To quote the reporter, all that was missing was a chorus from Kumbaya. Twenty (20) of the 23 individuals testifying showered praise on the Middle Smithfield

1 Township Resort and its proposal to build a 500machine slot casino. In fact, the then Pennsylvania 3 Gaming Control Board Chairperson, Mary DiGiacomo Colins, comparing the hearing to other more rancorous ones she had been attending, was quoted as saying, this one had a definite positive tone. And again, in 2010, the press reported that Fernwood received overwhelming public support in its bid for a resort license.

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I submit to you today that Fernwood Hotel & Resort is the only applicant that clearly meets all 12 the criteria of the Act. Fernwood Hotel & Resort is the perfect fit for the legislative intent of an additional amenity to a well-established resort in a popular destination resort area. Fernwood is permit ready and shovel ready and that Fernwood Hotel & Resort is the only qualified and the best applicant, bar none.

Middle Smithfield Township officials endorse this project because they understand that from the beginning of the 20th Century, Monroe County, Pennsylvania, known as the Pocono Mountains, was unlike any other region in Pennsylvania. With its less than 90-mile proximity to the greatest city in the world, the Poconos became a thriving tourist

destination focused on family and fun. By the 1970s the Poconos had become world renown as the honeymoon capital of the world, with resorts providing world-class accommodations and amenities and, of course, heart-shaped tubs and champagne towers.

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Fernwood Hotel & Resort, like other Pocono resorts, such as Skytop Lodge, Shawnee Inn and Pocono Manor, has been a thriving resort destination in the heart of the Poconos for the past 80 years, adapting to the changing demands of today's travelers. Sadly, however, many of the once-famous Pocono resorts did not fare so well over the decades, and many resident lost jobs as their resort doors closed. One reason Fernwood continues to be the township's largest employer, with over 500 employees, is because Fernwood has been able to be so successful over the past century when other resorts are faltering because it was designed with forethought, forethought to provide opportunities for a mix of commercial, resort, residential and other compatible uses, and amenities are always being added to meet the public's demand for the newest and the best.

Fernwood has Certificates of Occupancy for 906 rooms. The resort's master plan, which was approved in January of 2006, promotes unified,

coordinated development, with interior traffic access, 1 2 and the overall resort has been designed to promote 3 development that does not create conflict with neighboring zoning districts, and it strives to preserve unique environmental features of the land. By following the unified and coordinated development scheme, Fernwood is able to boast a full-scale hotel, with amenities that include but are not limited to tantalizing restaurants, exciting nightclubs, a water 10 family fun park with a tubing center, beautiful challenging 18-hole golf course, horseback riding, 11 indoor/outdoor swimming pool and so many more that 12 have already been shown to you here today. 13

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The leaders at the helm of the resort continue the same forethought as their predecessors and have already secured the continued opportunity for well-managed growth at the resort, with undeveloped land, simply waiting to add endless amenities, and 292 new villa sites already approved and simply waiting for a reason to be built. In order to remain competitive, Fernwood, once again, needs to supplement its long list of amenities. The resort needs to add the one single amenity that is missing and many of the guests are looking for, a casino gaming facility. We need as a state to make every effort to continue to

grow Pocono tourism because we need to regain the jobs that many of the resort people lost when the resorts closed their doors.

U.S. Census Bureau, Monroe County residents have the longest daily commute in the nation, with 27.6 percent of workers 16 and over commuting two hours a day minimum. And as a result of the lost tourist jobs and a national economic crisis, Monroe County sadly boasts the highest county unemployment rate of all applicants.

Awarding this license to Fernwood Hotel & Resort will support approximately 180 local construction jobs. And the project, once completed, will create an estimated minimum of 360 additional full-time jobs in the gaming facility, plus additional temporary jobs and there will be additional resort and local area business jobs resulting from the increased activity.

The Poconos are and have always been a year-round destination, and the success of the tourism industry is tantamount to the quality of life maintained by county residents. The future of Monroe County, Pennsylvania depends, in part, upon our ability to transform the local economy and create jobs

through tourism revenue. By supporting Fernwood's application, Monroe County and Middle Smithfield 3 Township is embracing an economic opportunity that will help transform this local economy, as well as the county, region and state economy, by bringing new temporary and permanent jobs, increasing tax revenue and increasing tourism revenue. With 28 million people living within a hundred-mile radius of Fernwood Hotel & Resort, not to mention the millions of people 10 that travel within that same radius every year, the opportunities and economic potential and benefit for 11 not just Middle Smithfield Township residents, not 12 just Monroe County residents, but all Pennsylvanians 13 14 are endless.

Middle Smithfield Township officials also unanimously support this application because they know that the folks at Fernwood Hotel & Resort do not have a wait-and-see approach. By way of explanation, in 2004 Fernwood Hotel & Resort sought and received a resort complex designation by Middle Smithfield Township and were delineated in the zoning regulations as an overlay zoning district in which a casino gaming establishment is a permitted use. Fernwood could conceivably submit a zoning permit application in the morning to Middle Smithfield Township and by the end

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of the day they could have their zoning permit for the project.

Many years ago Fernwood Hotel & Resort sought and received land development approval for a 35,000 square foot event center on their property. As part of the land development approval process Fernwood received outside agency approvals for compliance with stormwater, parking, wetland and environmental testing regulations. They received approval from PennDOT for a highway occupancy permit and also for the installation of a traffic signal at their property. Since Fernwood Hotel & Resort is proposing to convert the facility into their new casino gaming facility by retrofitting the existing structure, no new land development plans are required under the township regulations.

This proposed development approach of retrofitting an existing structure balances economic and environmental impacts with social vitality and fully supports the smart growth objectives of Monroe County,

Pennsylvania. And during the spring of 2010, Fernwood Hotel & Resort sought and again received approval for a lot consolidation plan. Fernwood does not need to submit any new subdivision plan applications to Middle

Smithfield Township as they are already compliant with township subdivision regulations.

The property is served by central water and they have a number of on-site wells. And there remains a couple hundred thousand gallons per day of sewer capacity that they own and a plant that's owned by the Township.

unanimously endorses this project because they understand that the municipality receives less money today in school property tax relief from the state than any other applicants' township. In fact, Middle Smithfield township is receiving --- in that region is receiving less today in school property tax relief from the state than we received almost 20 years ago despite increases by the millions in the budget. And with 34.8 percent of the land in the township being tax exempt, awarding this license to Fernwood will generate much needed revenue.

The anticipated revenue that will be generated by the issuance of this license is significant. It's anticipated that the reconstruction of the arena into a first-class gaming facility will bring an estimated \$28 million in revenue to the region, plus \$11 million in revenue from machines and

other equipment which will attribute to both the region and other areas. And the addition of a gaming facility will also generate significantly higher tax revenues. Township officials also unanimously endorse the project because if Fernwood is awarded the license, no additional or new burden will be imposed on emergency service providers. The existing service level for emergency service at the Fernwood location exceeds current level needs, and future level needs will also be fully met.

Township officials also believe that additional traffic generated by this additional amenity at Fernwood will not overburden the road system. Particularly in the past several years road improvements have already been made to Route 209 leading to and from the Fernwood Resort property and the recent start of the final phase of the Marshall Creek Bypass. PennDOT improvements to Route 209 will adequately handle any additional traffic generated by the gaming facility. I should note for the record that Fernwood has been working for many years with Middle Smithfield Township through public and private partnerships on road maintenance and repair along the portions of roadways leading to their property. This additional amenity will not create any additional

burden.

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And Fernwood's community and corporate spirit, it is simply unparalleled in our township. There is no reason to believe that their generosity will not expand with new opportunities bestowed upon them by the issuance of this license. For all these reasons, Middle Smithfield Township respectfully requests this Gaming Board to award Fernwood Hotel & Resort this Category 3 License.

On behalf of Middle Smithfield Township, the board of supervisors and myself personally, I thank you each very much for this opportunity to make this presentation this evening. And I hope that when I pick up the newspaper in months to come I read the headline that says, Fernwood Resort Awarded the Category 3 License. Thank you.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Thank you very much, Jennifer. appreciate you coming down. This is one of those slides --- fortunately, we only had one of them this morning. I was having trouble reading a lot of them. So I'll tell you what, I'm going to skip into this. It's in the packets and we do address, I think, the 24 most significant points out of this again. going to produce the most revenue. We're going to

generate the most tax benefit for the Commonwealth and 1 all of its citizens. And we can do this because we draw from the largest, most dense population in the 3 country. In addition, we will have the largest number of rooms to gaming positions in the entire Commonwealth, and that with only 500 machines. We will also --- we will be one of only a handful of casino timeshare resorts in the United States. Although the timesharers love to game, there has not been a 10 preponderance of gaming at timeshare resorts, mostly because the timeshare resorts come first and it's hard 11 to add a casino. 12

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massive visitation in excess of 425,000 guests and will spend over \$18 million attracting resort vacation and casino guests each year, we are delivering the most back to the state. Penn National and Fernwood, they both have an award-winning staff of marketing professionals that know the gaming and the resort markets and will be able to achieve the projected results because they are marketing to this huge population base. As recently admitted by Nemacolin spokesman Jeff Nobers, we're saturated but so is Gettysburg.

Given that Fernwood has the lowest number

of machines per 10,000 adults, greater cannibalization of existing casinos will occur if any other applicant than Fernwood is awarded this license. No matter what 3 else is said over these two days, we all know it's vital to the success of gaming in the Commonwealth to put the machines where the people are. And in Pennsylvania that location is Fernwood. identifying the criteria for making this decision for the final license for which Fernwood is eligible, we 10 ask you to consider the rank of the applicants in each of these critical categories. In gross gaming revenue 11 Fernwood ranks first. In gross gaming tax Fernwood 12 13 ranks first. In population density, Fernwood --- for 14 a hundred miles, Fernwood ranks first. In the 15 amount --- in the number of rooms Fernwood ranks first. In the amount of revenue required per room to 16 17 meet projections, and this is another case where lower 18 is better, Fernwood ranks first. And as far as saturation, with the lowest machine ratio of any of 19 20 the applicants, we are the most underserved of all the 21 applicants, again ranking Fernwood first. 22

Finally, I'd ask that the Board consider
the key indicators on this screen as compared to Mr.

Fine (phonetic), who you just saw in the prior
application. We have not assigned arbitrary grades to

secondary indicators that are not material to this
analysis. Our key indicators are the key drivers of
the casino business, and Fernwood ranks first among
all the applicants in every one of these categories.
Thank you for your time. This concludes our formal
presentation.

ATTORNEY JONES:

Thank you. As Andrew indicated, that concludes our formal presentation. We'd be happy to address any questions you have.

CHAIRMAN:

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Great. Thank you. Questions from the Board? Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

15 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I quess I'd 16 like to start with some questions about your numbers because I'm a little confused. Mr. Worthington, 17 you're probably the best person to answer this. 18 Between 2007 and 2009 your net operating revenues 19 20 seemed to get goosed pretty substantially by your 21 timeshare resort operations or at least as best I can 22 tell. I'm trying to figure out how from 2007 to 2009 23 you go from fairly thin net operating revenues to a fairy robust number. If somebody can talk to me about 24 25 that, I'd appreciate it.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

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I'd be happy to. I can give you the one sentence, non-accountant answer.

MR. TRUJILLO:

That would be great.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

If you need more, we have someone else sitting here. It's a change in accounting method is all it was. If you look at the total numbers, they should remain approximately the same. It was just a method to more accurately reflect the amount of money that was being spent at the timeshare resort versus at the hotel.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And so I guess I would like to have the accountant come up.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

That's why he never lets me talk about accounting.

MR. TRUJILLO:

I guess we need to have a name and serial number.

MR. LAVELLE:

Kevin Lavelle, L-A-V-E-L-E. I just want to make sure I understand your question.

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MR. TRUJILLO:

Well, let me take you to --- I won't go
directly to the --- but I just see your timeshare
operations growing by about 40 percent between 2008
and 2009. And that number, as best I can tell,
basically accounts for your increase in your net
income. So prior to 2009, you show what I see as
being a pretty thin net income, and then it grows
actually tenfold in 2009. I'm trying to understand
that.

MR. LAVELLE:

It's two items. On the timeshare resort operations revenue, in 2009 general public rentals of the villas is included in timeshare operations. In 2007 and 2008 the rental of the timeshare villas is included in hotel operations. So if you look at the hotel operations revenue number from 2008 to 2009, it drops. So it's just a switch of where the villa rental income is classified on the P&L.

MR. TRUJILLO:

All right. And so then what

22 accounts ---?

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MR. LAVELLE:

And then the other item you're looking at is in the financing and other income. If you look in

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the 2007/2008, it's around $7 million to $8 million
   dollars. And then in 2009 it jumps to $12 million.
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                MR. TRUJILLO:
                Correct. Gotcha. Go ahead.
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                MR. LAVELLE:
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                 In 2009 the Bushkill Group sold excess
   sewer capacity to the township for about $4 million.
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                MR. TRUJILLO:
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                 So it was a one-time infusion?
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                MR. LAVELLE:
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                One time, yes.
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                MR. TRUJILLO:
                And actually, while you're up here, I
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   don't think I need to bring Mr. Meyerer back up. I'm
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   just trying to understand. The purpose of Mr.
  Meyerer's testimony, as I understood, was simply to
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   inform us that you had taken out the Textron debt and
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   replaced that credit facility with the $38 million
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   credit facility from your company?
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                MR. LAVELLE:
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                That's correct.
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                MR. TRUJILLO:
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                 That's all I have on the accounting.
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   Thank you.
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                MR. WORTHINGTON:
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Isn't that what I said?

MR. TRUJILLO:

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I just didn't understand exactly. Either that or I might have nodded off at the time. Well, since you want to talk to me, then I have some more questions for you, Mr. Worthington. My recollection of your testimony and your slide is that --- let me see my notes here. I think you said that the Fernwood has 425,000 guests per year. I'd like to figure out how that's possible, given your 906 rooms. So can you tell me exactly how you get 425,000 guests?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Actually, once again, I'll pass Sure. this.

MR. TRUJILLO:

That's fine. You're a lawyer. I expect that.

MR. TURNER:

Good evening. My name is Mark Turner, T-U-R-N-E-R, Mark with a K. I'm the chief operating officer for Bushkill Group. The number 425,000 is combined. It's a combination of all of our quest visitation. So when Gina Bertucci was referring to the resort capacity, she was describing the occupancy 24 of our 906 rooms. They are made up of a --- in fact,

a minority of the standard hotel room, which may have an average occupancy of 1, 1.8, 1.9. And our villa accommodations, which is the vast majority of our accommodations, which can accommodate up to 12 persons in the accommodations, we're averaging between five and six persons per occupancy night in our villa side. So our overnight occupancy is traditionally much higher than a standard hotel room, two-person-type occupancy.

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In addition to that, we have many visitors that come to the property for our group and convention business. Those groups and conventions we can accommodate, two, two-and-a-half thousand people at any time, all the way down to a family reunion of 50 people. In addition to that, our events and shows on the property, again, we have the capacity of 2,000 plus. Most recently, this past Saturday evening we had an event at the property with just over 2,000 people in attendance. In addition to that, for our amenities, our golf course, for example, we'll see about 14,000 rounds on our golf course, the majority of which are not overnight guests of the property. They're local visitations to the Poconos staying at other locations who come to enjoy the golf course. And in addition to that, our Winter Fun Center, we run approximately 30,000 tubers, as we like to call them, through our tubing hill at the Winter Fun Center.

When you combine all of those together with our timeshare owners, our 17,000 timeshare owners, who either come and use their timeshare ownership themselves or trade out to the RCI system, that is simply replaced with an RCI exchange quest from elsewhere in the system coming to use the property either overnight or as a day visit. We have 10 many of our timeshare owners who do come to the property due to their proximity in northern New Jersey 11 12 or New York area come for the day. So when you add all of those together, that brings us to our 425,000, 13 14 which is --- my recollection is we arrived at that number by taking a three-year average of '07, '08 and 09.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And that's what I was trying to figure out. Because I assumed that did not reflect the number for your overnight guests.

MR. TURNER:

Correct.

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MR. TRUJILLO:

24 What's your number, your annual number 25 for overnight quests?

MR. TURNER:

I can give you from memory in nights. About 102,000 to 104,000 nights, with an average of five-plus guests per night.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Okay. That's helpful. The other question still on this issue then is of the --- what is your average occupancy? And I know it may be different in the winter and the summer, but if you can as easily break that --- as quickly as you can break that down. And then secondly, I'd like to also know your average rate. And I understand it's going to be different in the timeshare than it's going to be in the hotel, but as well as you can do it. Thank you.

MR. TURNER:

It's different for the villas as to the hotel for our average occupancy. For our villas it's running around 53 percent. For our hotel, about 38 percent. And our ADR, average daily rate, again, much higher for the villas due to the size of the accommodations. So for our hotel our ADR is running about \$110 a night and for our villas, \$175.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And again, I'm not sure if you're the right person. Based upon those projections, how do

you then project how you're going to have --- how your overnight quests are going to --- how those numbers are going to be changed in the event you get the license?

MR. TURNER:

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Currently, those numbers are based on a combined average between the hotel --- if you take the villa occupancy of 5.5 nights and our hotel average length of stay, when you combine those together, you saw the 4.2 average length of stay on our slides. 10 anticipation is that that will increase to 5.5 as an 11 12 average length of stay. Our timeshare owners in 13 particular have indicated they would stay longer with 14 additional amenities and activities to participate in. 15 So that would certainly increase our occupancy. also are obviously very intimate with the periods of 16 17 the year where we have capacity or room. anticipate that the very few weekends where there is 18 capacity will immediately fill to a hundred percent. 20 We have many weekends that are already at a hundred 21 percent. But we also anticipate our weekly business 22 will grow substantially by offering this amenity.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And the four to five per room room growth, that was based on what? Your use of the five number, where did you get that number?

MR. TURNER:

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The 5.5 projected growth was part of our original 2007 economic impact study based on the anticipated behavior --- the behavior of our existing timeshare owners or exchange guests in staying longer at the property or taking our existing average length of stay and estimating that that would increase by that factor once this additional significant amenity is available at the resort.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And I wasn't here in 2007, so if you'll forgive me, but that analysis, how was that analysis conducted?

MR. TURNER:

I would have to go back to the economic impact study to draw down on that.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And I suspect we have that available, so I just wanted to find out what the basis of that growth was. And I believe that the number that you had as being out-of-state, overnight visitors, was 84 percent?

MR. TURNER:

Eighty-four (84) percent.

MR. TRUJILLO:

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And what is your calculation as to how, if at all, that would change going forward if you were to be awarded the license, or did you base your calculations based on that --- on that 84 percent continuing?

MR. SNYDER:

Commissioner Trujillo, if I may, again,
Steve Snyder from Penn National. Looking at the
historical visitation at the 84 percentage coming from
outside of the state versus what will happen on a
projected basis, we haven't drilled down enough to
identify that number, but what we've done is look at
the source market and identified the market potential.
We do think the number is at least 60 to 70 percent
of the gaming revenue we expect to be derived from out
of state. And therefore, I'm not sure that the
analogy to the room rentals would be quite the same,
but it's along that scale.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And that was, I guess, what I was getting to, because the only number that I saw as to what you were drawing from out of state was the 84 percent. So what I'm interested in knowing is on the gaming side of what the basis of your projection for whether it's

1 60 or 80, whatever the number is. A, I'd like to know the number. And B, I'd like to know the basis for 3 that.

MR. SNYDER:

We'll drill down on that, but again, it won't be quite as high as the 84 percent number in terms of what the guess visitation has been historically at the facility.

MR. TRUJILLO:

That's what I assumed. I just didn't see any numbers to that effect. Mr. Chairman, that's all I have.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Sojka?

MR. SOJKA:

Yes, I have a few. Thank you. One, I was quite impressed with the diversity numbers, given the location and whatnot. Out of curiosity, any members from the ownership team, would they fit --- not in gender but in ethnic minority?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

I don't know. Does British count?

MR. SOJKA:

No, it does not count. I'll rule on

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MR. WORTHINGTON:

No. We were all hired by Rank, as the managers of the business in the late 1990s. We purchased the business in 2006. It's a commitment that we made as we moved into the leadership positions, but we bought the business among the management team.

MR. SOJKA:

Me've heard the reference to 906 keys many, many times, and we've seen one form of analysis having to do with really who's in there. But way back --- now not the last public input hearing but the one that preceded that, we went round and round about the availability of the --- at least minimum number of rooms that would be available if somebody just called up and said give me a room. What is that number now? It's clearly not 906 because you've got timeshare people occupying some of those.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

No. We like 906 because 906 rooms means 906 families or friends or groups that have availability to game. Certainly we have some timeshares that are deeded, and those weeks when you aggregate them leave us over 600 rooms still. And our --- the obligation we will always meet, obviously,

is we will have more than 275 rooms unsold so that they would be available.

MR. SOJKA:

And that meets the requirement.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Right. We'll always meet the requirement. And I think it's apples to apples because I don't care whether they come in as a timeshare guest or they act as a hotel guest, they're still renting a room from us.

MR. SOJKA:

We just want to meet that statutory requirement, and it's clearly there.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Okay.

MR. SOJKA:

Thank you. Now, the tough question, the one that we struggled with. And I think it's fair because everybody pretty much was here for the first hearing we had. And I think we have the unusual opportunity that we have Mr. Snyder with us, who is in this peculiar business of representing both of the competitors that we're hearing today. Let me get you off the hook by telling you what I think I'm hearing, and then you tell me if I'm right. How's that?

Just amuse me if I'm wrong.

MR. SOJKA:

I think we have basically two models here. We heard one where we actually got a number, about 12.8 percent of the projected revenue from the other competitor was going to come from people who were actually overnight guests at either the resort in question or another nearby one, leaving the vast bulk of people who would probably come for gaming as a destination. This one appears to be the exact opposite. It appears that --- a lot is really depending on who is there using the facility and then would also game; am I correct in that?

MR. SNYDER:

You are, Commissioner Sojka. But I wouldn't want to leave the Board with the impression that this is the reciprocal of that. It's not 88 percent or whatever 1 minus 12.3 would be 87.7 percent in terms of revenue being derived.

MR. SOJKA:

Yeah, they're not going to be exactly.

MR. SNYDER:

Correct.

MR. SOJKA:

But each one would represent a different

kind of model; is that correct?

MR. SNYDER:

That is absolutely correct, sir.

MR. SOJKA:

Okay. That helps me. So if this one then is a model that's based more on overnight situation, let me ask a little bit about what Penn National's role would be. You have a hotel resort group that's already managing it. Would you manage in any way the hotel operations, or in this case would you be strictly game?

MR. SNYDER:

In this particular case we would strictly be managing the casino. We would not have any management responsibility for the timeshare or for the hotel component of the Fernwood Resort. But as manager, managing on behalf of the ownership group of the Bushkill Group, we would expect to work with them to maximize the revenue of this facility. And maximizing the revenue of this facility would start first with gaming revenue. It would also include timeshare sales, which have historically been a significant part of their business. And we see the two as being very complimentary.

MR. SOJKA:

And I can see the complementarity, but there would clearly be certain walls demarcating one from the other. For example, you would hire, fire, train and advise gaming employees, for example, but you would not be involved with people who were doing hospitality in the hotel, that sort of thing?

MR. SNYDER:

That is correct, but they would all be employees of the Bushkill Group or the Fernwood Resort. We, in this capacity, will strictly lend management and expertise, management service, as well as the oversight of our corporate structure on the management operations of the casino facility, but the employees at the operation level, not the senior, the general manager of the casino, but the other employees would be employees of the Fernwood Resort so that you're not dealing with an employee of one on one side of the fence and an employee of the other when you cross over.

MR. SOJKA:

Okay. That's also very helpful. That brings us to the issue of the pesky liquor license.

And that would still belong to Fernwood?

MR. ANGELI:

Excuse me. Can I follow up on that?

MR. SOJKA:

Yeah.

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MR. ANGELI:

You talked about earlier it was a family buyout --- I mean it was a management buyout of the organization, so just to follow up on what Commissioner Sojka said, so that when this thing --- if this thing is completed, the management structure is just you pay them for the management of this and the group that bought them out a couple years ago and is running the Bushkill Group or Fernwood, they have overall control of everything with the exception of their hiring somebody to manage just the casino part of this. And the interface between all of the housing and the people who live there and the resort area, that's all managed by your group?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

That's correct, Commissioner. Steve's not going to like this, but we do this substantially --- our bumper boat guy has --- he runs --- it's another amenity, though. We are a resort full of amenities. And he runs his bumper boats, and we don't interfere, and they're on our lake. And that's how we view this amenity, is we're not the expert in bumper boats. We're not the expert

in slot machines, so ---

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MR. ANGELI:

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I understand.

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MR. WORTHINGTON:

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--- we'll let the experts manage that.

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We will continue to own the resort.

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MR. ANGELI:

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Thank you.

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MR. SOJKA:

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Just a couple other quick things along some of those same lines, and that is you are in a resort area. And I think we're beginning to define

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that people who are going to be gaming here are likely

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to be in the Poconos for one of the other kinds of

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amenities, to stay overnight, to play golf, to enjoy

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the scenery, something of that sort. When you're

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thinking about qualifying someone to game through

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participation in another amenity, does this --- this

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is just a hypothetical. Does this raise the opportunity for some sort of partnership with other

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potential operators, that this could become, to some

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degree, a regional gaming area in the Poconos?

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MR. SNYDER:

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Well, we have not, at this point in time,

25 | had discussions, as you can tell from my earlier

comments, with any of the other gaming operators of either a Category 1 or a Category 2 License.

MR. SOJKA:

This could be somebody that isn't a gaming operator. This could be someone that's operating a motel or a restaurant.

MR. SNYDER:

Oh, I think that, Commissioner Sojka, is a given. We do that now at Grantville. Because we don't have a hotel, we work with the Holiday Inn.

MR. SOJKA:

But you don't have to do that because you don't have to have --- you don't have to qualify your people to walk on the gaming floor. It's an open facility as a Category 2. I'm thinking about ways in which people could qualify to use the gaming facility by taking advantage of an amenity in the region. I'm not sure we would allow it, but I'm just curious.

MR. SNYDER:

No. I think that is a very interesting observation. Do we have a conclusion as we sit before you this evening? We do not. But we would like to think that the Board would be open to consideration if a guest is a guest at a proximate facility, because that proximate facility has a ski slope and they are

there for two nights, we would hope that you would consider that. But right now we recognize that the rules do not permit it.

MR. SOJKA:

Okay.

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MR. WORTHINGTON:

If I can add to that answer,

Commissioner? Currently, one of the things we do is we do partner with lots of other resorts. We have a tubing hill, most of the other resorts don't, so we will send them --- sell them a package ticket with cheaper rates. They'll advertise for their rooms and 12 our tubing hill. We do the same with golf. So joint partnerships is something that we're very familiar with at Fernwood.

MR. SOJKA:

Thank you. That really helps me. two really quick ones that don't require speculation, and we can move on to other people. The actual distance between the porte-cochere and the front door of the hotel and the front doors of the ---?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Maybe 50 feet.

MR. SOJKA:

Fifty (50) feet; right? There's no cover, just walk out the one and right into the other?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Correct.

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MR. SOJKA:

How about ---?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

There is actually a tunnel that runs under the driveway that was built, I don't know, turn of the century. It's been there a long time. We don't go down there, but there is a tunnel the guests could use if they don't want to get wet.

MR. SOJKA:

And then I just need one piece of explication, and that is on this --- again, these matrices obviously bother me. I just don't understand what this one category means where it says last chance at a license, and there are two yeses and two nos.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Is that a statutory requirement?

ATTORNEY JONES:

That's a statutory requirement. The new Category 3 License that comes into effect in 2017 requires that the resort be 30 miles away from another Category 1 or 2.

MR. SOJKA:

But when you say last chance, you I see. mean to beat that?

ATTORNEY JONES:

Yes, eligibility requirement.

MR. SOJKA:

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All right. That is it. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner McCabe?

MR. MCCABE:

I have a few questions. Commissioner Sojka addressed the one area about the rooms. And I think you testified in the past that you'll quarantee that you'll have 270 rooms available every night to 14 meet that requirement. I have a question. I haven't been out to your place in a little while. time I was there the road improvements weren't done, where I got stopped by the lights and everything turning into where the casino would be. Have all those road improvements already been completed?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Yeah. That was the first phase of the highway improvement project.

MR. MCCABE:

24 This may be for Penn National. 25 you're projecting out the revenue, did you consider Yonkers Raceway in your projections, that Yonkers Raceway was going to be open and that the New York crowd may be going there?

MR. SNYDER:

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We considered both Yonkers and Aqueduct.

Yonkers is already open. Aqueduct started

construction about three weeks ago. So we

factored --- we competition adjusted for all of those.

MR. MCCABE:

And then on the media monitor question I have is you addressed one casino. Why didn't you look to see are you going to have an effect on Mount Airy? Did Mount Airy advertise in the New York/New Jersey area? And what kind of impact do you think you're going to have on them? Are you going to be taking people away from Mount Airy, which is an existing Category 2?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

We did not address Mt. Airy because they did not object to our application. The media monitor slide that we looked at was specific to Mohegan Sun, who claimed that we would be stealing their New York/New Jersey visitors, when it turns out they don't advertise in the Wilkes-Barre area for any New York/New Jersey visitors. And in fact, the slide was

fairly compelling to what they're doing, is trying to protect Connecticut revenue by keeping Fernwood from getting a license that would draw the same market into Pennsylvania.

MR. SNYDER:

Commissioner McCabe, if I may amplify on that a little bit. I am not familiar with Mount Airy's marketing efforts in New York, but I have seen them make a pretty significant push into the Lehigh Valley in terms of where they spent media dollars. And that may just be an incidence of my experience traveling through there more than northern New Jersey or New York, but they clearly have made an effort to market down into the Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton region of the Lehigh Valley.

MR. MCCABE:

And how many table games are you anticipating having?

MR. SNYDER:

Twenty-two (22).

MR. MCCABE:

Okay. Because what you had in your paper here up there was 15. Have you considered more --- one of the things I think we're finding with table games and poker is that that's very popular, and it's

generating a lot of revenue and a lot of demand across the state. And is that going to be enough for a resort to have only 22 table games? I didn't see anything about poker room or bank.

MR. SNYDER:

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6 There is a poker room. There was a nonbanked area as well as a banked area. In fact, we can go to the floor plan, if that is helpful. Additionally, the floor plan only has 500 slot machines on the original floor plan. We do have ample 10 opportunity to grow this business when and if that 11 12 demand is there. But we looked at speed, and speed to open is inside the existing four walls, but there will 13 14 be ample room to go outside the existing four walls to 15 provide up to 50 table games and to provide up to 600 slot machines. You can see in the upper left-hand 16 17 corner is the poker room, which we've identified --upper right-hand corner. I'm sorry. I'm losing my 18 left and my right. And the house bank games are in 19 2.0 the center of the floor.

MR. MCCABE:

With only six tables?

MR. SNYDER:

Yeah. Six poker and 16 house bank games,

25 for a total of 22. And there is room, what would be

to the upper left of this map, for expansion.

2 MR. MCCABE:

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I'm just hoping that you were considering that.

MR. SNYDER:

And again, as the market demand is there, one of the things that we, quite frankly, struggle with is applicants for these size facilities suggesting 50 table game operations because, quite frankly, even our own experience, Grantville has not yet gotten us to the point where we've got 50 house bank table games.

MR. MCCABE:

And I guess the last question, are we going to see you guys tomorrow, too?

MR. SNYDER:

Yes. Yes, you are, unfortunately.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Coy?

MR. COY:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I have some

Penn National questions, like I did this morning, but

the Chairman has them, too. So because he always

waits until last, I'm going to let him ask those

couple questions. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

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Commissioner Angeli?

MR. ANGELI:

On the one chart that didn't show up well, the win-per position --- and I'm going back to something I saw in the presentation where you were projecting \$308, \$410 and \$513 over a three-year period, when I look at this chart that you put in here, you have eventually a 513 here on the Bushkill Group, and then in the other ones you have \$285, \$277 at Penn Harris and \$257 at Nemacolin. Give me a little bit of comfort level that you believe that you will hit \$513 when you're projecting everybody else to 14 be in the 200s.

MR. SNYDER:

Well, we haven't projected for anyone else. We've taken the numbers that they've provided. But you're asking the question of our comfort level in these projections, which are Penn National's, for the operating performance of Fernwood. First of all, I want to clarify, those three years are not years one, two and three. Those three years in that column are open, interim and stable. We think these businesses do reach stabilized levels of operating performance within three to five years, but I wouldn't want you to

leave here tonight thinking that that is a year three number. It's somewhere in the three to five-year range.

Secondly, as to your specific question of the performance at the win-per-device level, remember, this is only 500 games which we're showing here. We did put up a slide showing the 906 keys, which results in a gaming --- excuse me, a hotel key or a room key per gaming position that is far superior to anyone else in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at almost 1.5 --- almost two to one, nine to five. We'll do the easy math. And here, with the nature of these timeshare facilities, the villas, as you heard in response to Commissioner Trujillo's earlier question, with an average occupancy of four or five people as opposed to the typical hotel room, which would have an average occupancy of 1.8 or --- one point something, not necessarily ---.

MR. ANGELI:

Assuming they were adults?

MR. SNYDER:

Assuming they were adults, yes. We get our comfort level in terms of the revenue projections based on those two phenomena, the number of games and the number and nature of the room inventory.

MR. ANGELI:

Thank you.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

If I may just follow up on that. Just for the clarity of this chart, none of these numbers, except for the Bushkill Group numbers, were developed by us. All of these were taken out of the public record.

MR. ANGELI:

I understand. It was just the comparison in numbers, that is very striking. That's all I have.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Ginty?

MR. GINTY:

I find my memory is getting a little more difficult each year or month, which I share with some of my colleagues. But you know, I recall the last time you were before us on an application your average stay was a little over two nights, and now you're jumping to over five nights. Because I was surprised at the number being as low as it was.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

That might have been a hotel number as opposed to a hotel timeshare average. The timeshare owners always buy in week increments. They might not

1 stay seven days, but when you average them together,
2 it's --- I think it's 4.2 now and we're projecting it
3 to go to 5.5.

MR. GINTY:

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And if I recall correctly, you weren't using on your last application the 900 keys, but we're meeting --- basing it on the sort of minimum number of rooms. Is that correct?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

That's correct. We will always have at least 275 rooms under common ownership available for nightly rental.

MR. ANGELI:

That's not --- I mean, that could be any 15 275 rooms; right?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Absolutely.

MR. ANGELI:

It's not a specific 275 rooms?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

That's correct. That would be our preference anyway. I mean, ultimately it would be your decision, but our preference would be we own all the rooms. Some of them have been either licensed or sold to timeshare owners. If we sold them to a

timeshare owner, they're out of the calculation. If we still own them, we'd like to include them in the 275 minimum.

MR. GINTY:

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I'm just curious, you know, you're making a stronger case now. What was the change from your last application?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

9 I think the last time --- well, by the end of it, it was two Applicants for two licenses 10 until our financing fell apart. But the last time we 11 12 were far less sophisticated in the world of gaming. 13 We were resort operators from the Poconos. It's a 14 great resort and a great location. We've learned a 15 lot in working with Penn National. Having Penn National behind us as opposed to the other iterations 16 17 of our applications we've gone through has made a quite significant difference in understanding what it 18 takes to fill casino positions and fill hotel rooms 19 20 and how this will work as an amenity. So, I think 21 that's the primary difference.

MR. GINTY:

Could you bring up your comparative revenue chart?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

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1	The graph or the chart?
2	MR. GINTY:
3	This is fine.
4	MR. WORTHINGTON:
5	Okay.
6	MR. GINTY:
7	Mr. Snyder, the \$107 million for Bushkill
8	is your number?
9	MR. SNYDER:
10	Yes, that's correct.
11	MR. GINTY:
12	Okay. The \$93 million for Mason Dixon is
13	Mason Dixon's number?
14	MR. SNYDER:
15	I believe it was PKF's number.
16	MR. GINTY:
17	It is PKF. You also had a number?
18	MR. SNYDER:
19	We did have a number, yes.
20	MR. GINTY:
21	And my recollection is it was in the
22	neighborhood of \$300 million,
23	MR. SNYDER:
24	No. It was \$300 million of market
25	potential. It was \$83 million or 27 percent

penetration in terms of the actual gaming revenue, 1 which we were projecting. That \$300 million number 3 was just a potential of all gaming revenue that might exist in the marketplace without adjusting for someone's propensity to game, without adjusting for 6 competition.

MR. GINTY:

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What would the \$300 million be? Okay. What would be the comparative number then for Bushkill?

MR. SNYDER:

Yeah, because it's spread over a 28 million person population, I think the number would be 14 a factor. It'd be very large. I don't know if it would be a factor of ten times that number. would be significantly larger because of the 28 million population that we think we can draw from with about 70 percent of those being adults as is standard in the U.S. population. So, you're looking at the potential of 16 million gamers.

MR. GINTY:

And then I assume your penetration rate would be ---?

MR. SNYDER:

Again, I'm not adjusting for

100 penetration. I thought you asked me the raw data. 1 2 MR. GINTY: 3 Oh, the raw data. But then you would have to come up with a penetration? 5 MR. SNYDER: 6 Which we've done to get down to about \$107 million. 8 MR. GINTY: 9 And what was that penetration? 10 MR. SNYDER: I think it was --- it was probably teens. 11 12 MR. BOGUMIL: 13 On an adjusted basis you never assume that you're going to need more than 25 percent. 14 15 MR. SNYDER: Yeah, I'm sorry. That's Walter Bogumil, 16 17 who's our vice president of financial analysis at Penn National Gaming. 18 19 MR. GINTY: 20 You know, I just --- you know, I want at least establish ---21 22 MR. SNYDER: 23 Establish. 24 MR. GINTY: 25 --- at some point be able to compare what

you did on your projections for Mason Dixon and your 2 projections here. And you know, I hope staff is comfortable that it understands the methodology that 3 you used in both cases, so that we'll be able to compare them.

CHAIRMAN:

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Well, let me just ask the pointed question. You testified on behalf of both people, you're under oath. Which one's going to generate more revenue in your opinion? Is it going to be Mason Dixon or Fernwood?

MR. SNYDER:

Under oath, it will --- with the 28 14 million person population and the 600 --- excuse me, the 906 hotel keys, clearly Bushkill has greater potential.

CHAIRMAN:

I understand potential. Based on your experience in the industry. You're no virgin to the business. Which of the two facilities is going to generate more gross terminal revenue? Simple question.

MR. SNYDER:

24 We stand by the projections that are on 25 this slide. This has the potential and this will,

based on its amenity package, barring New Jersey putting slots at the Meadowlands, barring New Jersey putting casinos in northern New Jersey or New York doing something with the Shinnecock Tribe to put them on Governor's Island, this should and will --- is likely to produce greater revenue.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Let's stay with Jim. Go ahead.

MR. GINTY:

Can I follow up on that? Because the projections you've given are, quite frankly, exceedingly robust, compared to the experience that other casinos in Pennsylvania, and specifically some of the casinos up in the --- you know, close to you in the Poconos area and northeast have. And you know, Sands, for one is a fairly mature operation. And I would think that they'd be pretty good at what they're doing. And, you know, they're showing, you know, the win per day per slots, you know, way below what you're projecting.

MR. SNYDER:

Commissioner Ginty, I don't think it's an accurate comparison to look at the win-per-device number. I think it's more --- because the limitations

on the Category 3s, you will never be able to compare this to Sands with 3,000 and the opportunity to go to 3 5,000 or Mount Airy. I think it's more appropriate to look at the total gaming win and add \$107 million in gaming revenue. This projection is less than \$8.4 million per month, which would make it the least performing gaming facility currently in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The lowest performing gaming facility in the Commonwealth on a revenue basis 10 of any existing facility in the Commonwealth. So, I would encourage you not to look at the win-per-device 11 metric by itself, but look at the aggregate here of 12 what this facility is. It's 906 keys compared to any 13 14 other operator in the Commonwealth today, and look at 15 the 28 million population that is proximate to this facility. 16

MR. GINTY:

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And by the way, it took me awhile to understand what you were referring to. But you know, still better than 70 percent of your revenues that you're projecting are going to be local; is that true? I mean, am I reading this right within 50 miles would be 77 percent of the ---?

MR. SNYDER:

In those first-year projections, Yes. that's correct. As we get out to stabilized operations, we do expect to be able to extend that draw, because of the rooms.

MR. GINTY:

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All right.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner McCabe?

MR. MCCABE:

To maybe follow up a little bit on that. Mr. Snyder, in your opinion --- we've heard testimony 12 in some of our hearings, that some people are saying that the east coast and the east coast of Pennsylvania is over saturated, and it's going to have too many casinos. What's your opinion about that statement? Are there too many casinos on the eastern side of Pennsylvania and with New Jersey, New York and Maryland, all having casinos now?

MR. SNYDER:

I do not agree with that based on the population base that exists in a very proximate drive time to the eastern coast --- the eastern side of the east coast of Pennsylvania.

MR. MCCABE:

Okay. Thanks.

CHAIRMAN:

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Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Maybe in the form of almost a MDA, or a management discussion analysis, can you, or perhaps Mr. Worthington, I'm not sure who's the right person is to respond --- and this is to the comparative --- the comparisons that are being drawn. Take Mohegan Sun and Sands, and my understanding of what you are saying in your response is simply your target market is different. It is not eastern --- northeastern Pennsylvania. northeastern Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey. And because of the 906 rooms, the folks that you're going to attract are --- it's a different group that right now Mohegan Sun is not even advertising for, and that Sands right now, because they don't have a hotel and they're a much larger facility, are just different in kind. That's what I'm hearing. But I guess I'd like to hear it from your mouth if I'm correct or ---I would just like, rather than a lawyer's response, and I love lawyers, I'm married to one. I would just like to get your response to the critiques of the other licensees.

MR. SNYDER:

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2 because you paid attention. I could not have restated

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By his statement he indicated an

As opposed to the rest of us?

Commissioner Trujillo, I thank you,

understanding of the points that I believe that we have been making over the course of the last few hours

12 this evening. This is a different facility from any

MR. GINTY:

Touché.

MR. TRUJILLO:

MR. SNYDER:

that currently exists in the Commonwealth. It is in a

location geographically that has greater access to a

larger number of potential gamers than most, not all,

but certainly most. And for the size and scale of this facility being limited to 600 slots and 50 table

games, it has the ability on a per-unit basis, which

was Commissioner's Ginty's question, to far exceed the

performance of the existing facilities in the

Commonwealth. Again, when scaled appropriately, it

would be back to where others are.

Category 3 License, limited to a constrained supply.

It's just we are, by the terms of a

And that's why you're seeing the numbers on a scale

1 basis being disproportionate. But when you look at them on a relative basis, this is still the least performance facility in the Commonwealth today and well in the future.

MR. TRUJILLO:

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On a gross revenue basis?

MR. SNYDER:

Correct, relative.

MR. TRUJILLO:

As I understand the kinds of numbers we're talking about here on these Applicant comparisons, the revenue feasibility, I want to make sure, was your revenue feasibility based upon the current projection of the 500 games, the current table --- the current configuration of the poker room and table games, or is it based upon any future growth?

MR. SNYDER:

No, it is not based on any future expansion of the facility. That will require additional capital, which we've not had a discussion with Mr. Worthington and the owners of the Bushkill Group. But suffice it to say, if we do start to hit 300, 350 or 400 win-per device for performance numbers at this location, we will be having a discussion with them about the merits of expanding to get up to a full

complement of 600 games and the full complement or closer to the full complement of 50 tables.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Aside from the capital that you are providing for the gaming operation, do you have any commitments to provide any capital to Mr.

Worthington's folks in the event they need it for hotel operations or for any other operations?

MR. SNYDER:

No, we do not, Commissioner Trujillo. In fact, the security for our loan is limited to the building and adequate measures that could be before you for consideration if we needed it to be as a replacement owner and satisfy all the conditions of a Category 3 License. But we are not investing in the timeshare business. We are not investing in the current hotel operations of the Fernwood Resort.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And finally, Mr. Worthington, on your relationship with RCI or any other timeshare exchange operators, has the potential --- I'm certain you've had discussions. But can you just give me a 30-second thumbnail on any changes in your marketing particularly --- in particular to the timeshare folks?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Sure.

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MR. TRUJILLO:

If any.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Obviously, this would be a great amenity 5 for us. One of our --- our major market is New York and that's where we get the majority of our timeshare quests. A lot of them come out to tour timeshares on the weekends. We believe that with the appropriate 10 cooperation of Penn and our ability to put together packages, we'll be able to attract them midweek, 11 instead of just on the weekends, because of the casino 12 13 amenity, which smooths our entire operation. It 14 allows for a more even occupancy, which is --- that's 15 the important thing in any resort, because you certainly don't want all the occupants on the 16 17 weekends, where you can't fit anybody else in and have 18 to pay people the rest of the week when nobody's 19 there. So, we're looking to smooth with this. And we 20 believe that in addition to being able to increase our 21 number of timeshare tourists, we'll be able to put 22 them on days where we need them.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Thank you. No further questions, Mr.

25 Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN:

I have a couple quick questions.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Yes.

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CHAIRMAN:

How long does your patron of the amenities voucher last? We heard somebody testify earlier today, Mason Dixon's was 72 hours.

ATTORNEY JONES:

Well, under the one regulation, it would be permitted to be 72 hours. So, we would go with that. But of course, we'll work with the Board for whatever needs to be done to effectively get the voucher and the whole system coordinated.

CHAIRMAN:

And timeline on the construction of the casino if you were to get the license, how long would it take from the issuance of the license to the day of operation?

MR. SNYDER:

We think, as the Solicitor suggested, we can pull a building permit and a zoning permit quickly enough to be in a position to best case be open within six to nine months.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

111 1 Mr. Chairman, can I go back to the prior 2 question ---3 CHAIRMAN: 4 Sure. 5 MR. WORTHINGTON: 6 --- on the card? We already have a card system in place for owners. It's a Dunbar (phonetic) at this point, but all of our employees are completely aware of the owners have cards that they can use to 10 get around the facility and use at different outlets. So, in terms of introducing that into the system, it's 11 12 going to be an easy mesh for us, we believe. 13 CHAIRMAN: 14 Okay. And I was asking the question that 15 the ---? 16 MR. WORTHINGTON: 17 The 72 hours, correct. 18 CHAIRMAN: 19 That's what I was asking. Okay. And 20 just to confirm, I think heard somebody say that the 21 number of direct new jobs for this project was 360. 22 Did I hear that right? 23 MR. SNYDER:

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Yes, Mr. Chairman. That's a slide that I 25 | had fallen asleep on and skipped over. I apologize.

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CHAIRMAN:

Somebody had mentioned it though. I see folks in the back. 360?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Yes.

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CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Thank you. Any other questions? What we're going to do is, we're going to break at this time for ten minutes. We will be back and we 10 will then have the Sands Bethworks folks come up, followed by the Downs Racing and then our BIE folks after that. Break for ten minutes.

SHORT BREAK TAKEN

CHAIRMAN:

15 Thank you. I do see that we have the 16 | Sands Bethworks here. And just again, just as a 17 reminder, you guys have 15 minutes. I see this, it looks like --- and I appreciate you sharing it with 18 us, and we will review it. But we are going to try to 19 20 stay on time. Sands Bethworks is a contestor in these 21 proceedings and if there are any non-lawyer testifiers 22 at the dias, could you please stand to be sworn? 23 24 WITNESSES SWORN EN MASSE

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you. And again, if I could ask each presenter before you begin your presentation if you could just please state your name and spell your name for the stenographer. And with that, please begin.

ATTORNEY KRAMER:

Good evening, Chairman Fajt, members of 8 the Board. My name is Scott Kramer with the law firm 10 of Duane Morris. And I'm pleased to present to you today, representatives from the Sands Casino Resort 11 12 Bethlehem. We, on behalf of Sands Casino Resort, have a present and immediate interest as a participant in 13 14 the marketplace of the Applicant, Bushkill Fernwood. 15 And let me introduce to you the Sands representatives. To my left is Holly Eicher, the General Counsel for 16 17 Sands Casino Resort Bethlehem. To my far right, Fred Kraus, vice president and General Counsel of the 18 Venetian Casino Resort in Las Vegas. And to present 19 20 to you today is Robert DeSalvio, the president of Sands Casino and Resort Bethlehem. Scott Kramer, 21 22 K-R-A-M-E-R.

MR. DESALVIO:

Thank you, Scott. Good evening, Mr.

Chairman and other Commissioners. Bob DeSalvio,

that's D-E, capital S, A-L-V-I-O. And I'm the president of Sands Bethworks Gaming, LLC. 3 for giving us this time this evening to speak on behalf of our project. And let me get right to slide number three and go to the right of the heart of the matter, which is the legislative intent. The primary legislative intent of the Gaming Act was to provide a significant source of new revenue to the Commonwealth. On slide four, Bushkill Fernwood's proposal is the 9 10 least likely to provide new revenue and most likely to cannibalize existing revenue. And location is the key 11 to revenue potential. 12

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Just to review, casinos already located in eastern Pennsylvania, Mohegan Sun and Pocono Downs, Mount Airy, of course our project the Sands, Parx, the SugarHouse in Chester with two more potentially coming, a Category 2 in Philadelphia and a Category 3 in Valley Forge. We thought it was appropriate to do, again, remind everyone through a graphical representation of the location of the properties on the eastern side of Pennsylvania. And in slide seven, what we do is we overlay the additional projects that I mentioned previously. The green stars down at the bottom of the slide to the right represent potentially Valley Forge and another Philadelphia license. And

the red dot represents the potential Bushkill project up on the top right-hand corner of the slide. And this overlays the map of all the current casinos in the Commonwealth, along with the potential new entrants.

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On slide number nine, we wanted to highlight Adams County down at the bottom of the Commonwealth with the green dot being the proposed Mason Dixon project.

10 On slide number ten, Bushkill's October 23rd, 2008 presentation. And I wanted to read this, a 11 12 constrained gravity model was used to project gaming activity for the tri-state area with the primary focus 13 14 on the Poconos and the surrounding 100-mile radius. 15 Particular attention was paid to the drive times and the market center and locations of the competitive 16 17 alternatives in the market. Innovations Group traditionally just uses this basic metric on all of 18 their evaluations to basically figure out potential 19 20 casino revenue. And they did, they used the same gravity model for a study they did for us as well. 21

On slide 11, in Bushkill's 2000 --October 23rd, 2008 presentation, the Innovations Group
was --- it was concluded historically accuracy of the
Innovation Group studies, claims that their reports

1 have been historically accurate. In September of 2 2003, the Innovation Group did a report for the Pennsylvania Senate Democratic Appropriations 3 Committee, and that committee was tasked with determining the best locations for revenue maximization in the Commonwealth. September, also in that study, was to analyze the optimal locations. And it concluded that there were six locations were chosen based on the best market potential as revealed in our gravity demand model. 10

On slide 14, this was the conclusion, again from the Innovations report, besides downtown Philadelphia, Shrewsbury near the Maryland border adds the most revenue. And with respect to Lehigh Valley and Shrewsbury, the two markets are far enough apart to have little impact on each other.

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Continuing on from this Innovation report from September of '03. Highlighted in the market base scenario while keeping Shrewsbury, the combination that maximize statewide revenues was to drop Long Pond, which is the Poconos 500 site.

So, therefore, the Innovation Group 23 rejected a second Licensee in the Poconos in favor of a casino on the Maryland border. Bushkill proposes a third Licensee in the Poconos.

The Mason Dixon Applicant will maximize revenues consistent with the 2003 Innovation Group report to the Commonwealth. The proposed Mason Dixon Resort located near the Pennsylvania Maryland border would maximize revenue. The Mason Dixon resort would fulfill the purpose of Section 1102 because it would draw new business from Maryland and Washington DC.

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And again, here on this slide, even with the Maryland impact, Shrewsbury remains the second highest value-added facility in the state, second to Shrewsbury was number one until Maryland Allentown. added gaming and then the Lehigh Valley/Allentown area moved up to number one and that was ahead of another spot in the Poconos.

The impact of Maryland gaming is also minimized because of table game offerings in Pennsylvania. This is critical. We've seen this recently with the introduction of table games and how important it is to get the full casino amenities. Maryland is only slots at the present time. 21 Bushkill's proposed Fernwood facility will result in overlapping markets. Bushkill's proposed Fernwood facility will fall within the market area of Mount Airy, Mohegan Sun, Pocono Downs and of course the Sands.

To draw some conclusions here, we look at these maps. This is Mount Airy's market presentation from its 2006 studies, and it shows in the center their primary market with the red dot being the center location. And then its major secondary market which stretches all the way through the important areas of New Jersey and New York and then wraps around slightly to the west.

These markets overlap with what Bushkill identified in its 2010 public input presentation as its market area to the east. And then if you --- going back to their presentation, slide 23, although not part of its geographical presentation, Bushkill defines a substantial part of its market as New York and New Jersey. So, what we did in this slide is we actually took the overlap of both the Mount Airy presentation along with the Bushkill. And Fernwood partially depicted of its market to the east in its 2010 presentation, and we overlaid that to Mount Airy's 2006 competitive market presentation. You can clearly see the overlap of these markets, especially as it drives into the northern New Jersey areas.

In its December 2006 presentation, at slide number 74, Mount Airy predicted gross revenues of a combined \$295 million from its primary and

secondary markets respectively, which would overlap with the Bushkill market. And then you go back and going back, you can see how this plays out going back to the previous slide, which was the overlapping markets and you can see the primary and the secondary and how that relates to the presentation. And that really only represents a part of the Bushkill market.

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Fernwood on its website promotes Mount 8 Airy. It currently offers 2,500 of the most popular 10 slots, electronic table games, including poker and roulette and blackjack, located approximately 30 11 minutes from Fernwood and it goes --- I won't read the 12 rest of the slide. Fernwood similarly promoted 13 14 Mohegan Sun until very recently on its website. The 15 Fernwood website states the drive time from the Lehigh Valley Airport as approximately 45 minutes and from 16 17 the Newark Airport as approximately 90 minutes. 18 October 2006 Innovation Group report for the Sands 19 Bethlehem stated New York and Philadelphia were within 20 90 minutes. The 2006 Innovation Group report also assumed the existence of Mohegan Sun and a Category 2 21 22 facility in the Poconos and it also divided the Sands 23 Bethlehem into 15 different market segments. Innovation predicted that gaming revenue for market 24 25 segments of central New Jersey, Newark and New York as

\$155 million for Sands Bethlehem.

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2 Now, I also want to point out that 3 William Weidner, then CEO of Las Vegas Sands testified at our licensing hearing for Sands Bethlehem and emphasized the importance of the New Jersey/New York markets. Our high value target markets were northern New Jersey, Southern New York and the Philadelphia suburbs in that order. Weidner also emphasized the importance of those markets from the I-78 corridor. 10 And the importance of that market was emphasized by Counsel at the 12/19/06 hearing in response to a Board 11 12 question.

So, we now talk about cannibalized revenues. Fernwood admits that a significant portion of its revenues will be cannibalized from existing Pennsylvania facilities. At slide 42 of its October 2008 presentation, Fernwood states that 81 percent of its revenues would not be cannibalized or that 19 percent would be cannibalized. On November 8th, 2010, Christiansen Capital Advisors' report contradicts the earlier Innovation report by projecting cannibalization at 11 percent. Sands Bethlehem believes that the percentage will be much higher based on the overlap in its market and the markets of Mohegan Sun and Mount Airy. And regardless of the

percentage of cannibalization, we know from the 1 2 Innovation Group report in 2003 that there would be no 3 cannibalization of existing properties if the License were awarded to Mason Dixon. So, with that, I tried to move quickly, hopefully staying within my 15 minutes allotted, to let you know the importance of this issue as it relates to Sands Bethworks. thank you for the time and we are, of course, available for your questions.

CHAIRMAN:

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Board?

Thank you very much. Questions from the

MR. MCCABE:

I'll start. I don't know if it's the hour or what. But can you in a couple sentences explain what the importance or significance of the Innovation Group study was? Half this Board wasn't here in 2006. So, some of this is just totally Greek to them. So, is it accurate? Are you alleging that the Innovation Group study was accurate or are you saying it wasn't accurate?

MR. DESALVIO:

I'm actually suggesting that they 24 had a very good record of historical accuracy of their reports. They did their report long before there were

any applicants for these Licenses. And their market study concluded that the best potential location would be down in the Maryland border for an existing --- for a new Licensee that wouldn't cannibalize on existing operators.

MR. KRAUS:

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If I could add to that, Mr. McCabe? think the significance of the Innovation 2000 study is this. It was an independent agent retained by the Senate Appropriations Committee of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to offer projections to a legislative body as to which sites within the Commonwealth would best maximize revenue. And the two take-aways from Innovation report are that it, in analyzing whether the site along the Maryland border was better than the Long Pond site, it concluded that the site along the Maryland border was better than the Long Pond site in the Poconos. It also concluded in a second important conclusion which we think is still applicable today as was its first conclusion. The second conclusion was that a site on the Maryland border would not cannibalize a site in the Lehigh Valley, which it also found to be a very important site.

report, when it analyzed in 2003, a prospect of the

And perhaps a third take-away from that

same number of gaming licenses in Maryland which 1 eventually became an actuality, it reached the 2 3 conclusion that even with the loss of revenue from a site on the Maryland border, that site would still be the second best site. The first best site in its analysis would be the Lehigh Valley area. predicted in its projections that the Maryland site would still be a good site even in the advent of Maryland gaming. And now we think the only thing that 10 has changed since the advent of the Maryland gaming is that Pennsylvania has table games which will make 11 12 Maryland less competitive than it was --- as was 13 assumed in the Innovation 2003 report. And Innovation is the common element between the Fernwood report, the 14 15 Sands Bethworks report and the neutral independent expert retained by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to 16 17 advise it on legislation.

MR. MCCABE:

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Well, if would have gone by the
Innovation Group report, we would have given the
License to Allentown and not to Sands?

MR. DESALVIO:

Well, it was using the Allentown as a generic Lehigh Valley site.

MR. MCCABE:

Oh, okay. My last question is, you heard me ask Penn National the question about we've heard testimony throughout public hearings and that that the east coast is getting saturated with casinos. Is that part of your argument too?

MR. DESALVIO:

Absolutely.

MR. MCCABE:

And do you believe the east coast is getting too saturated? Because here you're trying to make --- trying to suggest that we give it to Mason Dixon. Why didn't you tell us to give it to the west side?

MR. KRAUS:

Well, we're going to --- we simply are not --- we're not advocating the Mason Dixon. We're using the Mason Dixon as an example of why you shouldn't give it to Fernwood. We're not --- we've emphasized we've taken historical reports given to the Commonwealth and analyzing them to show that if it went to Mason Dixon, there wouldn't be cannibalization from the Poconos. The Poconos Applicant, Fernwood, admits, depending on which report you look at, 19 percent cannibalization or 11 percent cannibalization. But we're not urging that the Board pick Mason Dixon

over the other Applicants. We're just saying Mason 1 2 Dixon, by itself, is a preferred location to Fernwood. Fernwood is a market churner. You have two casinos in 3 the Poconos already, Sands Bethworks is right outside. It's just churning the same business. Mason Dixon would, just as Innovation predicted in 2003 to the Senate Appropriations Committee, create new revenue from the very highly populated area of Maryland/Washington DC, unlike Fernwood, which has a 10 very small local population by comparison. think some of the Board's questions have recognized 11 12 the problem they have with the small immediate population in a close drive-time zone as opposed to 13 14 the drive-time zone that is populating the amenities 15 at the resort at present.

MR. MCCABE:

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I said that I didn't have anything else.

But based on your argument, what we heard from

Fernwood was that 84 percent of their customers come

from out of state and they're pulling from New York

and New Jersey, which has 28.2 million people.

MR. KRAUS:

But there was Board questions which drew out that that figure needed to be further analyzed.

That was 84 percent of their current resort customers,

people coming to play golf, for skiing, tobogganing and all that sort of stuff. When the Board members 3 asked, well, what is the percentage of your customers --- what is the percentage of that 84 that is going to gamble, they said, well, we'll have to drill down and take a look at that. I think I heard them say that they would expect to get 77 percent of their business within a 50-mile radius, which is a much smaller area. And the smaller you get, one of the things that Sands 10 Bethlehem learned is that the local market is very dominant in the revenue that you can expect. And you 11 12 can compare what may happen at Fernwood with their projections to what the Board had already seen with 13 14 the projections of Mount Airy. So, putting another 15 casino within 30 miles of Mount Airy we think is churning an additional market, churning existing 16 17 revenue in the same market and will not maximize revenue in the Commonwealth. 18

MR. MCCABE:

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Thanks, Fred.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Sojka?

MR. SOJKA:

If marketing which is one of the most

25 complicated --- if you tried to model it

mathematically, it's a devilishly difficult issue. And this becomes particularly difficult because you 3 are really not matching identical components. even if you were, let me ask you a hypothetical question. And that is, why are all the jewelry dealers of a certain type in the City of New York all on two blocks by choice? Why are they all there? 8 MR. DESALVIO: 9 Well, as somebody that's --- I've been into the jewelry district in New York and maybe based 10 11 on the size of Manhattan, they're located in a couple 12 particular blocks. 13 MR. SOJKA: 14 The question is do most of their 15 customers come from Manhattan? 16 MR. DESALVIO:

I don't know.

MR. SOJKA:

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Probably not.

MR. DESALVIO:

I don't know the answer ---.

MR. SOJKA:

I'm going to simply go to the --- I'm going to cut to the chase. You've made a point. 24 25 are as worried about that point as you. We're

struggling with this thing, and we're worried about some of the same things you are. But I'm almost slightly intellectually annoyed that it's presented in what I think is a rather simplistic way. And we've heard it, we understand it. We will weigh it. don't think we need to hear it anymore. Okay?

MR. DESALVIO:

Okay.

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CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

Well, maybe a little more. We've had some conclusions about some financial projections that are not conclusive. But we've got to ultimately conclude something. And I'd like to know with respect to your --- I take your entire argument to be it's about cannibalization, the number is between 11 and 19 percent, depending on whose numbers you credit. obviously we can't --- we don't have conclusive numbers about it. But there's no question there will 21 be some market overlap. And I think obviously Bushkill's numbers admit that as well. So, you suggest, Innovation suggests, it's 19 percent or something along those lines. If the Board concludes 24 that some cannibalization in order to gain total

revenues is okay, and let's say it's \$100 million gross revenue at Fernwood with 19 percent 3 cannibalization, and let's say that the Board concludes that the total revenue gained will offset the cannibalization, is there any --- and I don't see that the Board is obligated to say, well, gee, you know, we need to protect your market or Mohegan Sun's market or Mount Airy's market. I'm struggling with the conclusion that you want the Board to draw other 10 than that there will be some cannibalization. what conclusion should we draw from the 11 cannibalization argument? 12

MR. DESALVIO:

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Commissioner, I think the best way to look at it is to go all the way back to the legislative intent, and that was to maximize the revenues.

MR. TRUJILLO:

I don't see that anywhere in the legislation, I have to tell you. People keep talking about maximizing revenue. The word maximize is not in the legislation. The words significant source of revenue is in the legislation. And if you go through all of the preamble as to what the legislative intent is, the word maximize does not exist.

MR. DESALVIO:

Granted. But to provide a significant source of new revenue to the Commonwealth, I would just assume an interpretation of that is to provide new revenue which would make sense in terms of locating casinos on bordering states where you could then bring in additional revenue.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Right.

MR. DESALVIO:

And therefore, it goes back to

Innovation's original study for the Appropriations

Committee which cited casinos who gained the most --
to provide significant new source of revenue.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And I guess what I'm not understanding though is if the Board concludes that whatever the amount of cannibalization, be it 11 or 19 percent or some other number, is offset by new revenue, we don't have an issue, do we?

MR. KRAUS:

But I just have to add one thing ---

MR. TRUJILLO:

Sure.

MR. KRAUS:

--- to what Bob has said. For the 1 2 record, it's Fred Kraus. That's K-R-A-U-S. The other 3 significance, and the reason why we cited the 2003 Innovation report, is that it was not --- a report not written as a retained expert, as an advocate for a particular client. We thought bringing that report to the attention of the Board would be very useful, because here was Innovation Group, which has been involved in casino marketing studies for many, many 10 years and lots of experience. And they were tasked by the Senate Appropriations Committee with finding, with 11 12 recommending the best revenue potential sites in the 13 Commonwealth. They went to the Maryland border. They 14 didn't go to the Poconos.

To answer your other question directly, is that yes, if you concluded that the loss of revenue to the Sands Bethworks, to Mount Airy, to Mohegan Sun, if you take that lost revenue, you subtract that lost revenue from the revenue projections of Fernwood, and then you compare that net number to the number you believe would be generated by Mason Dixon and the other Applicants, then, yes, you could decide to award it to Fernwood if that netting out yielded a higher number.

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Our point is twofold. You have the

netting out. Their own experts disagree whether it's
19 or 11 percent. If you look at the Innovation
report from 2003, we didn't cite to it, but there's a
page that talks about a casino at Long Pond, which
they were looking at at the time, would affect another
one of the Applicants, would reduce its revenue from
\$103 to \$85. So, that is a fairly consistent theme.
Okay.

But ultimately it's the net number what the judgment of the Board is. So, we don't look at the Innovation Group. And I apologize if the presentation looks simplistic. We weren't intending it to be. We were simply trying to put in front of the Board what we thought was a neutral view of a party retained by the Commonwealth to offer its best judgment. And we think that there are a number of important conclusions that follow from that 2003 report.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Thank you. That's all I have.

MR. SOJKA:

Since I obviously buffed you up a little bit, and I didn't mean to. I really didn't. First of all, wasn't the Innovation Group study done on a virgin map? There were no Licenses issued at that

point; right?

MR. KRAUS:

Correct. They were asked to study two scenarios. They were given --- here are six Licenses that are going to be awarded. Your first task is to tell us what are the two best after those six.

Because they were tasked, when you look at the Innovation report, with these tracks are going to get a License. There's going to be a License in Philadelphia, one in Pittsburgh. Tell us the two best others. And that's what they did.

MR. SOJKA:

But again then, every time you add a License either in the state or out of the state, doesn't that whole study essentially change or have to change? Isn't the landscape significantly different today than when that study was issued?

MR. KRAUS:

I would say yes and no. The actual locations of the Licenses were granted were, I think, substantially identical with their initial task. The only exception being that there was --- I think if you look at the language, I think they assumed two in Philadelphia, one in Pittsburgh, one in each of the racetracks. And that question was where did the other

two go? They offered a judgment. Whether the numbers may have varied, they assumed in their study that there would be four slot Licenses in Maryland, three in the Baltimore area, one in the Western Maryland area. The reality is three up for grabs in the Baltimore area, one in western Maryland which nobody's bid on and one on the eastern shore. So, the assumptions that they looked at, are pretty close.

Pretty close, yeah.

MR. SOJKA:

Just as a final point to finish --- to lead into or --- finish up what Commissioner Trujillo mentioned, if you take their maximum cannibalization number, if you can believe these numbers and simply take the cannibalization out of their number, it still looks equivalent to Mason Dixon. If you take the smaller number, if this is correct, it would look like a bigger number than Mason Dixon.

MR. KRAUS:

Well, we were --- before we were coming up here, we were remarking on the remarkable slot win per unit per day of \$513 and trying to figure out if we could see that was a world record.

MR. SOJKA:

Okay. That's valuable, because that was

helpful. That's got to be it.

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CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you. Commissioner Ginty?

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MR. GINTY:

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I guess two questions. What percentage of your revenues come from the New Jersey and New York market, approximately?

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MR. DESALVIO:

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I'm going to guess, I really should go back. I don't like guessing on numbers. But if I had

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to guess, it's probably in the 25 to 30 percent and

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growing substantially now that we got table games.

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MR. GINTY:

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And the inverse of that is how much of it

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comes from within, say, a 50-mile radius?

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MR. DESALVIO:

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Within a 50-mile radius?

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MR. GINTY:

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Or whatever you measure it.

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MR. DESALVIO:

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I know the local market represents ---

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the local meaning --- we view local as about a 25-mile

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radius. That's about close to 50 percent of our

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business. And then if I'm just going to round some

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numbers up, if you were to stretch it out, maybe

another 25 percent within 50 miles and another 25 percent within 75 to 100 miles. And that's your 3 complete package. So, clearly you've got a lot of our business coming from the New York and north Jersey area, and then of course the other major market, our local market.

MR. ANGELI:

That would be more longitudinal, though. It wouldn't be circular, it'd be more along the 78 Corridor in through the Lehigh Valley?

MR. DESALVIO:

Well, much heavier. The population grows as you move east, so there's more of a skew. Once you get out of the local market heading east versus heading west, it's where the action is for us. really the 78 Corridor.

MR. ANGELI:

Okay.

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MR. DESALVIO:

20 And it's the north Jersey, New York 21 market.

MR. GINTY:

And are you more concerned with the 24 cannibalization of the New York, New Jersey market or 25 the more local market?

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MR. DESALVIO:

The New York, New Jersey market.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you very much.

MR. DESALVIO:

Thank you, everyone.

CHAIRMAN:

Now, I'd like to call up representative of Downs Racing, which is also a contestor in these proceedings. Again, anybody who is a nonlawyer who is going to testify if you'd please stand to be sworn in?

WITNESSES SWORN EN MASSE 13

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CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. I'd also ask please before 17 you begin any presentation, to please state your name and spell it for the stenographer. And also, a reminder that you have 15 minutes to do your presentation. Counsel, you may begin.

ATTORNEY STEWART:

Thank you very much. Good evening, Mr. 23 Chairman and Commissioners. My name is Mark Stewart. That's M-A-R-K, S-T-E-W-A-R-T, like Martha. I am 24 Counsel to Mohegan Sun and Pocono Downs. We

appreciate the opportunity to be before you and express our opposition to the Fernwood Application. We will present Mike Bean, M-I-K-E, B-E-A-N.

MR. BEAN:

B-E-A.

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ATTORNEY STEWART:

Excuse me. I can't spell Bean.

MR. BEAN:

Like jelly bean.

ATTORNEY STEWART:

I'm worse than Dan Quayle. He is the assistant general manager for Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs, and he is our witness tonight, who will explain our position as to the Application. Also, with us tonight but not testifying are David Roan, senior regulatory Counsel with the Mohegan Tribal Gaming Authority, and Mike Izzo, I-Z-Z-O, who is the chief financial officer with the Pennsylvania Harness Horsemen's Association who joined Mohegan Sun in its Notice to Contest. And with that, I'll turn it over 21 to Mr. Bean.

MR. BEAN:

23 Thank you, Mark. Mr. Chairman, 24 Commissioners, thank you for the opportunity to speak 25 today on behalf of Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs.

Mark stated I'm the assistant general manager at Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs. And it's B-E-A-N, 3 Michael Bean. And on behalf of Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs and the Pennsylvania Harness and Horseman's Association, we respectfully urge the Board to not add a fourth casino to the already oversaturated northeast Pennsylvania market. I want to make a point of clarification. I heard the Fernwood presentation and you know, I heard the remark that Mohegan Sun at 10 Pocono Downs does not advertise in the New Jersey, New York markets. We, in fact, do. I'm not sure exactly 11 where the confusion lies, but I spoke with our 12 13 advertising manager today and we would be happy to 14 supplement the record with evidence of that, just to 15 establish that fact, if necessary.

I know you've been provided a lot of information by consultants and analysts on behalf of the Category 3 Applicants. And what I'd like to do this evening is focus on factual items that we believe are most important in telling to the economics or the economic portion of your decision in this matter. I have several slides. I've got about five slides that I'd like to walk you through, just a couple maps and several points.

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This first slide shows the existing

casinos in Pennsylvania, casinos in nearby states that may be considered competitive with Pennsylvania casinos and the proposed locations of each Category 3 3 The circles surrounding the casino locations show a 30-mile radius, which we believe is an appropriate --- it is appropriate because it's well known that when choosing among gambling options, convenience is the number one factor considered by customers. Approximately two-thirds of our business 10 comes from within a 30-mile radius. And I believe that something similar is probably the case for most 11 12 of the existing casinos in Pennsylvania.

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northeastern portion of the state that there are already, as others have testified is evening, there are already three casinos that compete for customers, most particularly in the areas that overlap the 30-mile radius. In fact, if you look at the extent to which the proposed Fernwood casino overlaps the markets of other casinos, it does so more than any other of the proposed casinos. Adding more gaming supply to this already saturated market becomes even more troublesome when viewed in the context of the current results of the existing casinos in that market.

We believe it is important to put aside projections in cases like this where there are concrete facts that can be applied to come to logical conclusions. Market assessments and projections and market demands are very useful tools, but sometimes they're right and sometimes they're wrong. In this case, you have an existing market and we know exactly what the supply and demand are.

What I'd like to point out in this slide, are the gaming revenues for the most recent quarter which is July, August and September of both Mohegan Sun and Mount Airy. Mount Airy is the lowest revenue producing casino in the Commonwealth and Mohegan Sun is by no means in the top five. This isn't a criticism of our properties, but it's just the fact that it's important to point out when looking --- when making fact-based decisions.

This slide is zooming to the northeast portion of the state. And we believe that placing more supply approximately 15 miles from the lowest producing casino and 43 miles from Mohegan Sun will only cannibalize the market of these casinos. And accordingly, it will not only impact existing casino operators in the Commonwealth, but it will hinder the ability of the Commonwealth to generate additional tax

revenue with this License.

And if you can go back to that, Mark? I think if you look at this closely, it's important to point out that it's almost impossible not to cannibalize this market. And I heard a bit about the marketing to New Jersey and New York markets, but I think that no matter where you market, you can market, you know, 20 miles away or a hundred miles away or 200 miles away, but convenience being the primary factor, people are going to go to the casino that is the most convenient to them. And so, you know, if you look at that Fernwood site, you're going to see that people within that 40-mile radius will heavily impact both Mount Airy and Mohegan Sun.

In this particular chart, you know, I want to point out the population numbers within the 30-mile radii of Mohegan Sun and Mount Airy. That they are among the lowest casinos in the Commonwealth with about 870,000 for Mohegan Sun and about 1.2 million for Mount Airy. The only other part of the state that would have such a concentration of gaming operations is Philadelphia which is an entirely different market than northeastern Pennsylvania.

The gross terminal revenue projections associated with the Fernwood proposal have increased

from \$28.7 million, as provided by the Innovation Group in 2008, to \$93.6 million, as provided by Fernwood today. A dramatic spike of over 225 percent. 3 And we point this out only just to show how speculative coming to these numbers can be. And you know, for this reason, we believe the assumptions associated with Fernwood should be scrutinized. Similarly, the win-per unit projections should be scrutinized because the 2008 Innovation Group 10 projections showed a win-per unit of \$159 in the stabalized year while the current Fernwood projections 11 12 show a very large and whooping \$513 win-per unit. 13 These projections can't be squared with the facts we have in front of us today. 14 Importantly, 15 Mount Airy, which has a hotel and markets to New Jersey and New York has a win-per unit of about \$163 16 17 per day, which is the lowest in the Commonwealth and well below the average of casinos in the Commonwealth. 18 And that average is about \$235 win-per unit per day. 19 20 This clearly shows that there's excess supply relative to demand in northeastern Pennsylvania. And if there 21 22 were access demand in that part of the state, Mount 23 Airy's win-per unit would be well above the state average, perhaps thereby indicating a supply and 24 25 demand in balance favoring additional supply.

In the current situation, we have the opposite. We have over supply with the prospect of even more supply 15 miles away from the lowest winper-unit casino in the Commonwealth with one of the lowest population bases. If the revenue numbers that Fernwood proposal projects are accurate, it would follow that Mount Airy numbers would be drastically higher than they are since Mount Airy is located so close to the proposed Fernwood site. And I can't emphasize that point enough. Mount Airy is a good indicator of what the supply and demand is in that particular portion of the state. It has a hotel, it has a resort. And clearly, with a win-per unit it has with 2,500 machines, they're clearly, you know, more --- they could really clearly absorb more demand. In closing, as I stated previously, we

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In closing, as I stated previously, we believe that in certain instances, it's important to sift through the analysis and projections and apply real relevant and available date to a situation. And we believe that this is one of those cases. The bottom line is adding a fourth casino in northeast Pennsylvania will not produce significant revenue for the Commonwealth and will significantly harm three of Pennsylvania's existing facilities. And we don't believe that it's in the best interest of Pennsylvania

gaming, the Commonwealth or its taxpayers.

Before I close, I just want to point out that we've worked very hard and hand-in-hand with the PHHA and the Horsemen to revitalize harness racing at Pocono Downs. And we've had strong success and they have substantial interest in this matter and will be adversely impacted by a reduction in slot revenue to Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs. And for these --- the foregoing reasons Downs Racing, LP believes the Application of the Bushkill Group, Inc. for a Category 3 Slot Machine License should be denied. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Questions from the Board? Commissioner Sojka?

MR. SOJKA:

I wasn't going to, but I'll ask one quick one, because you touched on my favorite subject, and that is the Horsemen. I'm very concerned, as the Horsemen would be, about a reduction in slots revenue because they participate directly in that. But back to Commissioner Trujillo's point in the last hearing we had. If we maximize --- forget the word cannibalize. If somehow, some way, we simply get more slots play in Pennsylvania, won't those Horsemen benefit more? It doesn't have to be a place that has

146 a horse track. They get that money. Is that not 1 2 correct? 3 MR. BEAN: I believe there's --- I can defer to ---4 if it's okay, if I can defer to our CEO. 6 CHAIRMAN: 7 Please stand and be sworn in, sir. 8 MICHAEL IZZO, HAVING FIRST BEEN DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED 10 AS FOLLOWS: 11 12 CHAIRMAN: 13 And could you please state your name and 14 spell your name? 15 MR. IZZO: 16 Mike Izzo, I-Z-Z-O. I don't know that 17 that's a correct answer. It may be. But we haven't 18 experienced anything at Poconos. But we're 19 experiencing it at Harrah's. We represent them, too. 20 And we have seen a decline in our revenue for purses 21 \$100,000 a week with the opening of SugarHouse. So, 22 it hasn't made up for what we've lost. Whether all of 23 them combined do at some point in time, I'm not so sure of that. 24

MR. SOJKA:

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Well, again, I'm trying to understand how
the law would --- the revenue for the Horsemen is a
percentage of the slots?

MR. IZZO:

That's correct.

MR. SOJKA:

In toto?

MR. IZZO:

Not in equal percentages, no. It's based on --- I think we get 18 percent when everything is done. Okay? With no track paying more than 12 percent of their share. Okay? Is that revenue generated those places going to make up that 6 percent? I can't tell you that now.

ATTORNEY STEWART:

And just for clarification, my understanding is that there's a difference between essentially where the support is coming from and where the contributions are coming from. It's 18 percent of every dollar at Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs that goes to support the Pennsylvania Harness Horse Racing Association, even though the other facilities in Pennsylvania can contribute to that up to 12 percent.

MR. SOJKA:

I would simply say that this is an area

1 that is of --- I think of real importance. I'm
2 hearing you. I'm going to want to get more
3 clarification. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

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Mr. Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

I just want to clarify. You, Mr.

Stewart, don't represent Mount Airy; am I correct?

ATTORNEY STEWART:

Correct. Yeah, I represent Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Because as I look at the map and I hear your testimony, it would seem to me that Mount Airy would be the one in here and I don't hear or see Mount Airy. So, it's difficult for me to draw the same conclusion that you're asking us to draw on behalf of Mount Airy. So, I just want to make sure you weren't representing Mount Airy. That's all I have.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Other questions? Thank you very much.

ATTORNEY STEWART:

Mr. Chairman, can we move --- the

25 PowerPoint was marked as Exhibit One. We'd move its

admission.

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(Mohegan Sun Exhibit One marked for identification.)

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. And we will accept that. Bushkill, if you could please come back up and you'll have 15 minutes to rebut. Again, I will remind all of you, you are under oath. You have 15 minutes to rebut any of the comments you heard from the two contestors. If you don't want to take 15 minutes, that's fine, but the maximum you have is 15 minutes.

ATTORNEY JONES:

Thank you. And we will try to be brief. 14 We heard various points but there was a couple points 15 that we didn't hear either of the objectors saying. And that is the population base of 28 million and the 16 17 least amount of slot machines per 10,000 adults. is key here. We are pulling from 28 million people. 18 Mr. DeSalvio did say when they started talking about 20 jewelry stores, that question, based on the size of 21 Manhattan. That's what we're talking about here, the 22 population we can pull to, to get them to our resort. 23 That also talks about the cluster effect, where you have a group of casinos that we can market 24 25 together and help grow business.

Again, Mount Airy was not here tonight.

Mount Airy understands the Poconos. They understand

and have worked with Bushkill and Bushkill has, in

fact, cross-marketed with them.

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There is a couple of other points that we heard from Pocono Downs that a convenience market for gaming. That's not what Bushkill's about. And that's not who we're marketing to. We're marketing

--- we are a true resort facility. We are marketing to our timeshare guests. We have 906 rooms. We're bringing them in and the gaming will be an addition, an enhancement. And that's really what we need to look at here.

14 It's also important, this is only 500 15 slot machines, 500 slot machines to 906 rooms. And we can pull the revenue from that 28 million market. 16 17 There's a couple clarification points I have with 18 respect to Sands, and then I'll ask Steve or Randy if they have anything else to add. But it's really great 19 20 that we heard about the Innovation report from 2003. 21 But that was all speculation. If you go on that, the 22 Board should have given the License to Crossroads and 23 it should have been Maryland and pulling from Maryland. But that is not what the Board thought at 24 25 that point. And things have changed. Things have

changed in the economy. Things have changed with respect to Maryland, in itself, in gaming.

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You also heard that the Christiansen

Capital report said that there would be 11 percent

cannibalization. That's actually not correct. They

said in the first year when a new facility comes

online, it could be that high. But by the fourth

year, it goes down to zero.

You also heard that there would be no cannibalization of Mason Dixon. That's not correct. you heard earlier today that that would cannibalize 25 percent from Hollywood Casino. And that would make the total Mason Dixon revenue even smaller than Bushkill revenue with even if you take the 11 percent cannibalization, to do that quick math. I'm not an accountant, so maybe we'll provide you with that under a separate cover.

Also, you heard some comments about our 84 percent out of market. And that we didn't know how much we would do casinos --- that the numbers that were floating around were not correctly stated. We have 84 percent currently out of market to our facility. Steve indicated earlier that the gaming out of market just for that would be 60 to 70 percent. And again, we have to drill down some on that.

But we are not here looking at putting a Category 2 here. We are looking to do what the legislature said and that is to add a nice gaming addition to our resort facility. And with that, I'll ask Steve.

MR. SNYDER:

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7 Thank you, Marie. Mr. Chairman, members of the Commission. There is two points that I'd like to address. There was a passing comment that the winper device numbers that we proposed would be world 10 records or --- I must admit I didn't quite catch what 11 12 the comment was. I would encourage the Board to do your homework, to look at the win-per device numbers 13 14 that had been generated historically in markets that 15 are artificially suppressed like the Illinois markets where facilities are limited to 1,200 gaming 16 17 positions. And you will find certainly our facilities 18 and others in that market in the past have done well in excess of the numbers that we've projected over 500 19 20 games. They've changed with the smoking ban and some 21 of the other impacts that have occurred in the State 22 of Illinois. But the ability to achieve those numbers 23 has been proven time and time again.

not in a position to answer specifically the question

Secondly, I must apologize because we are

that this Board raised which is how much of your projected 2011 revenue do you think, with specificity, you'll generate from New York and New Jersey? Our 3 forecasting isn't that good. And I do apologize for it. But I think it is disingenuous for someone who does operate today a facility to not be able to answer with specificity how much of their revenue currently comes from New York and New Jersey. And I would ask you to ask yourselves why was that answer not 10 forthcoming with a little bit more certainty than we were able to provide as it related to 2011 projections 11 12 when you asked a straightforward question, which is what have you done to date. Thank you. 13

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Nothing further.

ATTORNEY JONES:

That's it.

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CHAIRMAN:

Questions from the Board? Mr. Ginty?

MR. GINTY:

I believe it was Mr. Lassinger (phonetic) that testified earlier. And he made the statement and he used the Greenbriar as an example, that the introduction of gaming into resorts is not workable if you rely purely on guests --- I'm certainly

paraphrasing. But if you rely on the guests that attend that resort, that gaming is not viable. Call area, you got to look outside to that 30 to 50-mile radius. Do you agree with --- Mr. Snyder, you're the expert. Do you agree with that statement?

MR. SNYDER:

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7 I did hear Mr. Lassinger's comment earlier today. And I just feel strongly that the 8 Greenbriar is a very unique set of circumstances. 10 There are not gaming patrons that go to West Virginia and spend \$400 or \$500 per night, which is what the 11 12 Greenbriar historically is averaging in terms of ADRs 13 for the purpose of gaming. And Mr. Johnson and the 14 investment that Mr. Johnson has made in the Greenbriar 15 has not been successful because I don't believe he had the background in terms of gaming. He's doing 16 17 \$100,000 in some months, \$200,000 in other months in terms of gaming revenue, casino revenue, out of his 18 facility. Again, because we've been, as a company, 19 20 asked in the past to look at the Greenbriar.

The Greenbriar is an extremely high-end resort that has catered to the Washington community as a pretty significant feeder market for that facility and has not catered historically to a demographic that has shown a great propensity to gaming. If that

demographic does spend \$400 or \$500 a night, does have a propensity to game, I would suggest to this Board, they are much more likely to get on an airplane in Dulles --- at Dulles and fly to Las Vegas and spend that kind of money in Las Vegas with many more options than they would be to spend that money going to a resort at the Greenbriar in White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia. That facility was unique, that facility had a very long history behind it and gaming at that facility has not been proven to be the amenity that certain investors thought it would be.

MR. GINTY:

Let me ask the question then. Would gaming be viable for Fernwood if you were to limit it only to hotel and villa guests?

MR. SNYDER:

We, as a company, would not be comfortable advancing a \$55 million loan if gaming at Fernwood was limited strictly to an overnight guest as originally drafted or as originally contemplated. No. I would certainly agree with Mr. Lassinger's suggestion or his conclusion.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

Can I forward that answer as well? I agree with that as well. I mean, part of the reason

that we're here is we want to attract people to the resort who will buy a timeshare. And by allowing non-owners and non-overnight guests to come over to sample our amenities, game at our facility and tour for a timeshare, it works for us. And the de minimis at \$10 or \$25, we were interested because it will attract people to our resort who will be come owners. I mean, that's why we're here.

MR. GINTY:

You could solve that very easily by giving them an overnight stay in one of the villas?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

We could. And I love to have gaming at the resort if it were guests only, but I would not take out a loan of \$55 million to build a 500-seat facility. The population on the resort is going to be great, a lot of people are going to be gaming. But part of the attraction is the fact that we can being people to the resort.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN:

Yes.

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MR. TRUJILLO:

I'm sorry.

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CHAIRMAN:

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Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

I do have one follow-up in that there was some issue with respect to your original, I guess, 2006 projections on --- and I understand the caution as to what to look for in terms of gross revenues as opposed to, you know, win-per unit. But the difference between the original projection and your current projections are significant. And if you could address that, it would be helpful.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

I think that table games has made Sure. a big difference. I think that the biggest difference is probably Penn National knows what the Pennsylvania market --- how the Pennsylvania market operates now. It was speculation for Innovation Group in 2003 and again in 2006.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Thank you. Thank you. At this time, I'd like to call up our CEC and his staff to provide us with the position of the various Bureaus in the Gaming Control Board on this Application. 24 Federico, there are some seats over here at the other end of the table, if that's easier to get to.

1 ATTORNEY HIGGINS: Chairman Fajt, members of the Board, my 2 3 name is Katie Higgins, H-I-G-G-I-N-S, Assistant Enforcement Counsel. At this time the OEC would call Albert Federico to provide testimony. Mr. Federico, 6 can you please state your full name for the record, spelling your last? 8 CHAIRMAN: 9 I'll just add for the record, all of you 10 are still sworn in from your prior hearings, so we're fine with that. 11 12 MR. FEDERICO: Albert Federico, F-E-D-E-R-I-C-O. 13 14 ATTORNEY HIGGINS: 15 Mr. Federico, how are you currently employed? 16 17 MR. FEDERICO: 18 I am the senior project manager with McCormick Taylor Engineers & Planners. 19 20 ATTORNEY HIGGINS: 21 Did you have an opportunity to review

traffic impact studies for Category 3 Applicants?

MR. FEDERICO:

Yes, I did.

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ATTORNEY HIGGINS:

Can you go through the traffic impact study review that you completed for Bushkill?

MR. FEDERICO:

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We were retained to review the Yes. traffic impact study submitted as part of the impact assessment report. This review included conformance with applicable standards, validation of data and analytical methodology. We reviewed a report last updated by HRG in July of 2008. I would note that PennDOT released new quidelines for the preparation of traffic impact studies in 2009. So, when reviewing the report submitted with this impact assessment against the current standards, there were a number of inconsistencies with what we consider current quidelines. We issued a preliminary review in the end September and a more detailed review in the end of October. We received a response letter from the Applicant in late October which we did review but had not issued another letter on.

The study that was submitted included one external intersection to the site, the intersection of 209 and Winona Falls Road and River Road, and evaluation of three existing access points. The study evaluated weekday morning and evening peak periods, which typically you would expect for a gaming facility

in evaluation of a Saturday peak, because that's

typically the highest traffic generation for this type

of facility. Additionally, because of the age of the

study, the study was using 2005 data. Again, with the

new guidelines, you would typically expect data that

is two years old. With the response that was provided

by the Applicant's engineer, they had completed some

more recent counts and believe that the older counts

were higher and therefore, provided a more

conservative analysis.

The trip generation estimates for the gaming component were based on a market study that was completed for the Applicant. In this case, it appeared to rely a great deal on the traffic being almost exclusively patrons, existing patrons, of the facility and projected the peak external traffic generation was 40 trips during the evening peak, which may be a reasonable assumption if you are assuming that all the gaming is being used by, again, people that are already onsite for other amenities. But it is definitely significantly lower than the studies --- other gaming studies that we reviewed, which utilize a higher estimate.

The study identified with one external intersection, 209 and Winona Falls, would operate in

an acceptable manner. It did identify that there would be what would be considered excessive delay from the eastern site access. However, no improvements were recommended as part of this study.

So, in conclusion, we do believe because of the nature, even though they were only looking at one external intersection, considering this area, the study area was appropriate. We would continue to note that the volumes that were used were based on older data. And that the trip generation estimates were what we would consider that to be relatively low for this type of use. Thank you.

ATTORNEY HIGGINS:

The OEC does not have any further questions for Mr. Federico.

CHAIRMAN:

Any questions from the Board for Mr.

18 Federico?

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MR. SOJKA:

Just the obvious one, and that is, given the shortcomings in that study, as a professional who worries about traffic issues, do you see that adding this facility is going to significantly impact in a negative way the traffic flow in that area?

MR. FEDERICO:

I believe that additional improvements to the site access over and above what is currently proposed would warrant consideration. I don't believe that considering the lower volumes in this region that you're going to see gridlock created by the, you know, development of gaming at this site. I do think that there would be, as I indicated, what we would typically consider unacceptable operations for the driveway that would primarily be used by the gaming patrons.

MR. SOJKA:

Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Continue.

ATTORNEY HIGGINS:

The OEC would ask the traffic impact study be admitted into the official record in this matter.

CHAIRMAN:

So noted.

ATTORNEY HIGGINS:

At this time, the Board staff members will be making statements. First will be Susan Hensel, the Director of the Bureau of Licensing.

MS. HENSEL:

Thank you, Chairman Fajt and members of the Board. At this point in time, based on the materials and information in the Application and the cooperation received from the Applicant, the Bureau of Licensing is not aware of any suitability issues that would preclude licensure of Bushkill Group, Inc. as a Category 3 Slot Machine Operator.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Any questions for Susan?
Please continue.

ATTORNEY HIGGINS:

Next would be Richard O'Neil, Supervisor of the Financial Investigations Unit of the BIE.

MR. O'NEIL:

Chairman Fajt, members of the Board. In preparing the FIU report, the Applications of the Applicant and its intermediaries, subsidiaries, holding companies and management company were fully reviewed. This included any organizational documents, operating debt and management agreements, financial statements and any other contracts or agreements of the various entities. In this case, Bushkill Group, Inc. and its related entities provided all the authorizations, contracts and agreements necessary to conduct the investigation. It also provided clear and

convincing evidence to make the determination of its 1 financial suitability, integrity and responsibility, 2 and the ability of this Applicant to maintain 3 operational viability and maintain a steady level of growth.

At this time, based on the information contained in the Application and other related documents and the financial suitability analysis performed, Financial Investigations Unit did not find anything material which would preclude Bushkill Group, Inc. from obtaining a Category 3 License.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you.

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ATTORNEY HIGGINS:

The OEC has reviewed all the documents submitted by the Applicant, including the certification receipt pertaining to the million dollar bond requirement as set forth in Section 1316 of the Act. The OEC on behalf of the BIE finds that there are no reasons to preclude suitability in this matter. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Any final questions from the Board? 24 Bushkill have any final comments?

ATTORNEY JONES:

Yes, I do have a few.

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you, Katie, Rich, Susan, Cyrus.

ATTORNEY JONES:

While they're pulling the PowerPoint back up, one administrative matter. I'd like to move the PowerPoint presentation into evidence.

CHAIRMAN:

So noted and we will accept that.

ATTORNEY JONES:

First with respect to the traffic reports that you just heard, any improvements that will be required by the Township, Bushkill will make. But you did hear from the Township Solicitor earlier today that there --- they have no traffic issues. course, any onsite improvements that we need to do to make our quests happier would be appropriate and they do that in the normal course of business.

Bushkill has clearly established it exceeds both the eligibility and suitability 21 requirements under the Act to hold a Category 3 Gaming License. It is clearly a well-established resort hotel that has been operating since 1921 and has 906 quest rooms and numerous onsite amenities. It is not proposing a mini Category 2 License. Bushkill also

meets the requirement that it is over 15 miles from another facility.

Most importantly, regardless of what you heard this morning and what you will hear tomorrow from the other Applicants, we would ask the Board to keep the following in mind. When viewing the market area within a 100-mile radius around the Bushkill location, there are in excess of 20 million people representing the largest single market in the country. We also see that there are currently only 12.3 slot machines per every 10,000 adults in that market.

Applicants that their respective markets provide the best opportunity for the Commonwealth. However, the facts tell a different tale. For the Holiday Inn looking at the same 100-mile radius, we see population half the size of Bushkill's and a slightly more generous slot machine availability. For Mason Dixon, we see a population smaller still with appreciably more slot machines for every 10,000 adults. For Nemacolin, we see a 100-mile population slightly over 4.5 million people which reflects its extremely remote location and a slot machine availability ratio of almost 400 percent greater than Bushkill's.

We are sure you will continue to hear

about saturation and cannibalization, as our fellow
Applicants desperately seek to overcome the fact that
Bushkill's location will be fed by a market two to six
times greater than their respective locations and that
Bushkill's market is the most underserved of all the
Applicants with the fewest available slot machines per
10,000 adults.

As to revenue, Bushkill and Penn National have clearly shown that the projected revenue is solidly based on the enormous size of the market in which it is located and the resort's unmatched guest capacity and visitation.

Over the course of these two days of hearings, you have heard and will hear the various numbers from hired experts. Here you have heard the revenue numbers from a proven operator, Penn National. In this Commonwealth alone Penn National's projections have been 99 percent accurate when others have missed the mark. Quite simply, Penn National has shown that a gaming facility at Bushkill has the greatest revenue potential of any of the Category 3 Applicants. And that revenue will not be pulled from existing facilities but from New York and New Jersey.

The other Applicants may attempt to overcome facts with opinion, but the facts will remain

unchanged. Bushkill is serving a market of over 28 1 million people with 84 percent visitors already from 3 out of state and projections by Penn National, a proven successful operator throughout the country. We'd like to again thank the Board for the opportunity to present before you.

CHAIRMAN:

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My fellow Board members are going to kill me, but I have one burning --- I have one burning question. I mean, I hear all this, the 28 million, the lowest number of slot machines per 10,000 people. What is Mount Airy doing wrong?

MR. WORTHINGTON:

We're not going to answer that. We can't answer that. We're not involved in their marketing. We're not involved in their property at all. We don't have any basis on which ---.

CHAIRMAN:

That's a legitimate question. I mean, they are within, you know, 15 miles of you, 20 miles Same demographic. They don't have the number of you. of rooms, granted, but they have 200 versus 900. And you know, you're asking us to take a leap of faith based on, you know, the presentation we heard today. 24 25 And that is a question that is burning in my mind.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

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I think we can only speak to what Penn
had shown us here today with respect to our property.

And I'm not sure you can infer anything to that, to

Mount Airy. But from our side, we have a massive
number of rooms. We have probably the largest, if not
the largest then one of the largest, current marketing
machines in the Pocono Mountains. And we have only
machines. And I think that's what really raises
the bar on our revenue projections is we're doing it
with a fifth of the machines.

MR. ANGELI:

If Mount Airy only had 500 machines, then their numbers would probably be similar to what we see in the projections.

MR. WORTHINGTON:

We'll do that math for you.

MR. ANGELI:

That's what it is.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. I believe that concludes the hearing. Bushkill has until November 29th to file any post-hearing memoranda of law or brief with the OHA. We will begin tomorrow's hearing at 10:00 a.m. here in the State Museum, where we'll hear from Nemacolin and

the Penn Harris Applications. May I have a motion to 1 2 adjourn? 3 MR. COY: So moved. 4 5 MR. MCCABE: 6 Second. CHAIRMAN: 8 The meeting is adjourned. Thank you. 9 10 HEARING CONCLUDED AT 8:30 P.M. 11 12 13 14 15 16 CERTIFICATE 17 I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings, public input hearing held before the 18 Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board, was reported by me 19 20 on 11/16/2010 and that I Sarah Wendorf read this transcript and that I attest that this transcript is a 21 22 true and accurate record of the proceeding. 23 24 25